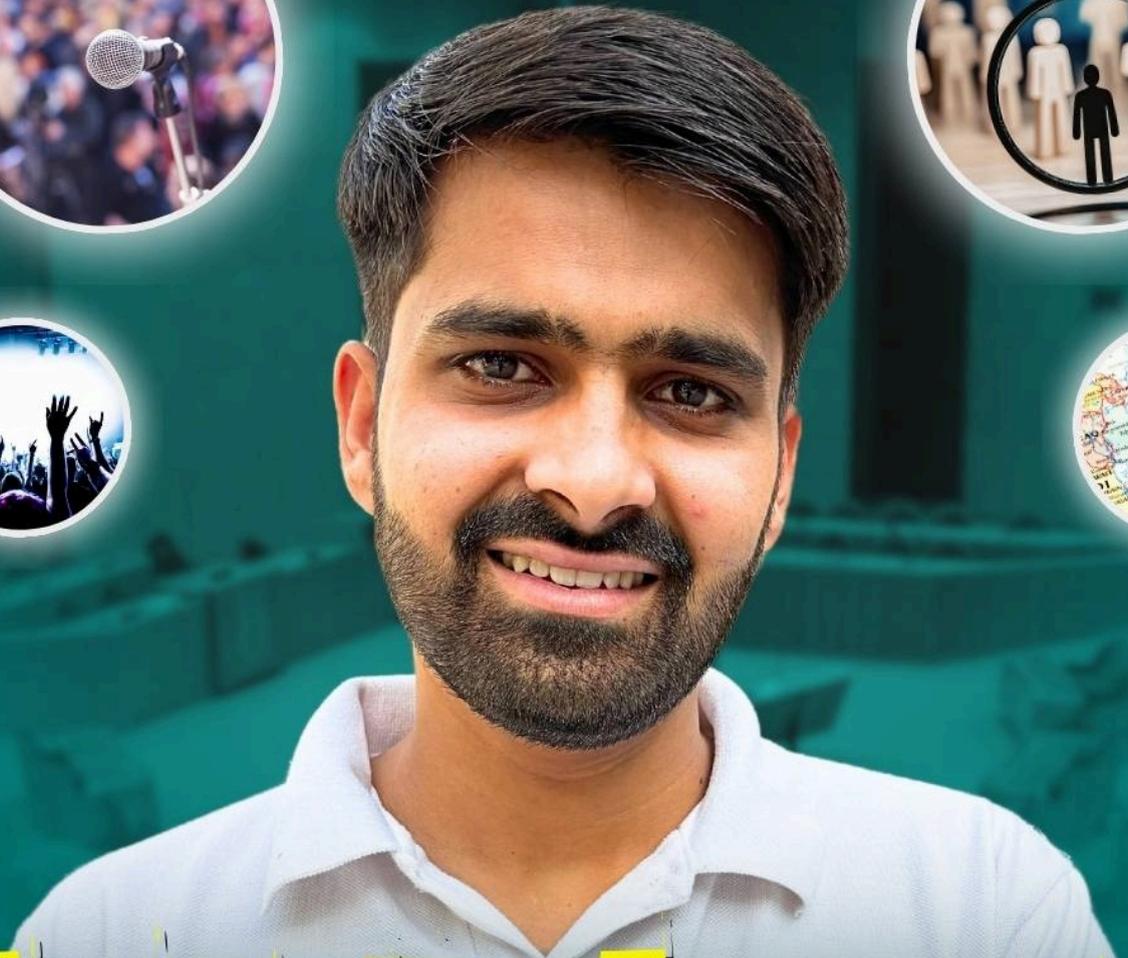


REPEATED QUESTIONS

# POLITICAL SCIENCE



FOR **GUET** 2026

# Political Science

1.

Write the full form of 'WSF'?

1. World Science Forum
2. World Social Forum
3. World Security Forum
4. World Secular Forum

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 13]

## Similar Questions:

The full form of WSF is:

1. World Security Fund
2. World Social Fund
3. World Social forum
4. World Science forum

[Shift 31/05/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 40]

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2.

Given below are two statements: one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R

Assertion A: The nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty NPT of 1968 was an arms control Treaty which regulated the non-acquisition of nuclear weapons, that were tested and manufactured after 1967.

Reason R: The NPT did not abolish the Nuclear weapons, rather it limited the number of countries that could have them.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below.

1. Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A
2. Both A and R are correct but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
3. A is correct but R is not correct
4. A is not correct but R is correct

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 15]

**Similar Questions:**

Given below are two statements:

Statement I: The Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) of 1968 was an arms control treaty in the sense that it regulated the acquisition of nuclear weapons, those countries that had tested and manufactured nuclear weapons before 1967 were allowed to keep these weapons

Statement II: The NPT did not abolish nuclear weapons rather it limited the number of countries that could have them

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. Both Statement I and Statement II are true
2. Both Statement I and Statement II are false
3. Statement I is true but Statement II is false
4. Statement I is false but Statement II is true

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 30]

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3.

Match List I with List II

LIST I

- A. Josip Broz Tito
- B. Jawaharlal Nehru
- C. Gamal Abdel Nasser
- D. Sukarno

LIST II

- I. Egypt
- II. Indonesia
- III. Yugoslavia
- IV. India

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
- 2. A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II
- 3. A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I
- 4. A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 16]

**Similar Questions:**

Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

- (A) Gamal Abdel Nasser
- (B) Josep Broz Tito
- (C) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (D) Sukarno

List - II

- (1) Indonesia
- (II) India
- (III) Egypt
- (IV) Yugoslavia

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

:

- (1)(A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)
- (2) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (3) (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)
- (4) (A)-(1), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)

[Shift 30/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 31]

LIST I

- A. Josip Broz Tito
- B. Jawaharlal Nehru

LIST II

- I. India
- II. Yugoslavia

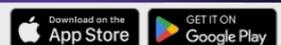
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- C. Gamal Abdel Nasser III. Ghana  
D. Kwame Nkrumah IV. Egypt

1. A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III
2. A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I
3. A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV
4. A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 9]

### Match List-I with List-II.

#### List – I

- (A) Kwame Nkrumah  
(B) Gamal Abdel Nasser  
(C) Josip Broz Tito  
(D) Sukarno

#### List – II

- (I) Egypt  
(II) Indonesia  
(III) Ghana  
(IV) Yugoslavia

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
2. (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(IV)
3. (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)
4. (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)

[Shift 05/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 19]

### Match the List I with List II

- | List-I NAM leaders    | List-II Countries |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| A. Josip Broz Tito    | I. Indonesia      |
| B. Gamal Abdel Nasser | II. Ghana         |
| C. Sukarno            | III. Yugoslavia   |
| D. Kwame Nkrumah      | IV. Egypt         |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) A - III, B - IV, C - II, D - I
- (2) A - III, B - IV, C - I, D - II
- (3) A - I, B - II, C - III, D - IV
- (4) A - IV, B - III, C - II, D - I

[Pol Science PYQ 16th July Slot 2, Qno: 1]

The question asks to match the NAM (Non-Aligned Movement) founding members with their respective countries. The options provided are:

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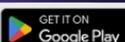
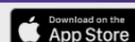
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- A) Sukarno  
B) Gamal Abdel Nasser  
C) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru  
D) Josip Broz Tito
- And the respective countries listed are:
- I) India  
II) Indonesia  
III) Egypt  
IV) Yugoslavia

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 9]

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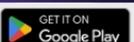
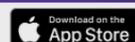
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4.

On which date, Justice Jagmohan Lal Sinha of Allahabad High Court passed a judgement declaring Indira Gandhi's election to the Lok Sabha invalid?

1. 1 May 1974
2. 12 June 1975
3. 22 August 1970
4. 1 March 1962

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 17]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following High Court passed a judgement on 12 June 1975 declaring the election of Indira Gandhi to the Lok Sabha invalid?

- (1) Delhi High Court
- (2) Allahabad High Court
- (3) Calcutta High Court
- (4) Bombay High Court

[Shift 28/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 6]

**Question:** On June 12th, 1975, Justice Jagmohan Lal Sinha from which of the following High Courts passed a judgment declaring Indira Gandhi's election to the Lok Sabha invalid?

- A) Madras High Court
- B) Calcutta High Court
- C) Bombay High Court
- D) Allahabad High Court

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 50]

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5.

In which year India signed and ratified the Kyoto Protocol?

1. August 2000
2. August 2001
3. August 2002
4. August 2005

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 18]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year India joined 160 Countries that have signed and ratified Kyoto Protocol ?

- (1) 2001
- (2) 2002
- (3) 2005
- (4) 2006

[Shift 09/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 1]

India signed and ratified Kyoto Protocol in which year?

1. August 1997
2. August 2001
3. August 2002
4. August 1979

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 29]

**Question:** India signed and ratified the 1997 Kyoto Protocol in:

1. August 2002
2. May 2000
3. August 2007
4. June 2005

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 9]

**Question:** India signed and ratified the 1997 Kyoto Protocol in:

1. August 2002
2. May 2000
3. August 2007
4. June 2005

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 10]

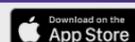
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In which year India signed and ratified the 1997 Kyoto Protocol?

1. 2001
2. 2002
3. 2003
4. 2004

[Shift-03-06-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 8]

---

6.

In which year did the India - Sri Lanka Accord for Indian Peace Keeping Force (IPKF) take place?

1. 1986
2. 1987
3. 1988
4. 1989

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 21]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year the Indian Peace Keeping force pulled out of Sri Lanka?

1. 1987
2. 1988
3. 1989
4. 1990

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 41]

In which year IPKF (Indian peace keeping force) was pulled out from Sri-Lanka?

1. 1987
2. 1989
3. 1985
4. 1984

[Shift-13-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 48]

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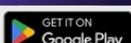
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7.

'The United Nations was not created to take humanity to the heaven, but to save it from the hell.' Who made this statement?

1. Pt. J. N Nehru
2. Dag Hammarskjold
3. Kofi Annan
4. Ban ki Moon

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 26]

**Similar Questions:**

'The United Nations was not created to take humanity to the heaven, but to save it from the hell.' Who made this statement?

1. Pt. Jawahar Lal Nehru
2. Kofi Annan
3. Ban-ki-Moon
4. Dag Hammerjold

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 36]

"The United Nations was not created to take humanity to heaven but to save it from hell." Who spoke these words?

1. Ban-ki Moon
2. Wilston Churchill
3. Dag Hammarskjold
4. U Thant

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 36]

'The United Nations was not created to take humanity to heaven, but to save it from hell'.

Who gave this statement about the UN?

1. Shashi Tharoor
2. Kofi Annan
3. Ban-Ki-Moon
4. Dag Hammarskjold

[Shift 27/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 28]

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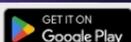
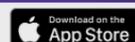
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8.

The economist who proposed an alternative blueprint that put greater emphasis on rural industrialization was:

1. K.N Raj
2. J. C Kumarappa
3. Jagdish Bhagwati
4. Kailash Nath Katju

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 39]

**Similar Questions:**

Who among the following is a Gandhian economist who proposed an alternative blueprint that put greater emphasis on rural industrialisation?

1. P.C. Mahalanobis
2. K.N. Raj
3. J.C. Kumarappa
4. Manmohan Singh

[shift-16-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 21]

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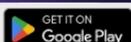
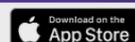
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9.

Which currency is used as legal tender among the member countries of this International organisation?

1. Dollar
2. Pound
3. Euro
4. Ruble

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 44]

**Similar Questions:**

Study the following picture and answer the question.



Which currency is used as legal tender among the member countries of this international Organisation

1. Euro
2. Pound
3. Dollar
4. Ruble

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 45]

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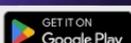
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10.

Recently, which country has left the membership of this International organisation?

1. USA
2. Russia
3. United Kingdom
4. Germany

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 45]

**Similar Questions:**

Study the following picture and answer the question.



Recently, Which country has left the membership of this international Organisation

1. Germany
2. Russia
3. United Kingdom
4. USA

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 44]

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11.

**Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions:**

The Indian Government is already participating in global efforts through a number of programmes. For example, India's National Auto-fuel Policy mandates cleaner fuels for vehicles. The Energy Conservation Act, passed in 2001, outlines initiative to improve energy efficiency. Similarly, the Electricity Act of 2003 encourages the use of renewable energy. Recent trends in importing natural gas and encouraging the adoption of clean coal technologies show that India has been making real efforts. The Government is also keen to launch a National Mission on Biodiesel, using about 11 million hectares of land to produce biodiesel by 2011- 2012. India ratified the Paris Climate Agreement on 2 October 2016 and India has one of the largest renewable energy programmes in the world.

A review of the implementation of the agreements at the Earth Summit in Rio was undertaken by India in 1997.

India feels this contravenes the very spirit of UNDCCC. Neither does it seem fair to impose restriction on India when the country's rise in per capita carbon emissions by 2030 is likely to still represent less than half the world average of 3.8 tonnes in 2000. Indian emissions are predicted to rise from 0.9 tonnes per capita in 2000 to 1.6 tonnes per capita in 2030.

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 46]

**Similar Questions:**

The Indian Government is already participating in global efforts through a number of programmes. For example, India's National Auto-fuel Policy mandates cleaner fuels for vehicles. The energy Conservation Act, passed in 2001, outlines initiative to improve energy efficiency. Similarly, the Electricity Act of 2003 encourages the use of renewable energy. Recent trends in importing natural gas and encouraging the adoption of clean coal technologies show that India has been making real efforts. the Government is also keen to launch a

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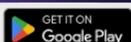
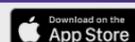
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National Mission on Biodiesel, using about 11 million hectares of land to produce biodiesel by 2011-2012. India ratified the Paris Climate Agreement on 2 October 2016. And India has one of the largest renewable energy programmes in the world.

A review of the implementation of the agreements at the Earth Summit in Rio was undertaken by India in 1997.

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Neither does it seem fair to impose restrictions on India when the country's rise in per capita carbon emissions by 2030 is likely to still represent less than half the world average of 3.8 tonnes in 2000. Indian emissions are predicted to rise from 0.9 tonnes per capita in 2000 to 1.6 tonnes per capita in 2030

[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 46]

The Indian Government is already participating in global efforts through a number of programmes. For example, India's National Auto-fuel Policy mandates cleaner fuels for vehicles. The energy Conservation Act, passed in 2001, outlines initiative to improve energy efficiency.

Similarly, the Electricity Act of 2003 encourages the use of renewable energy. Recent trends in importing natural gas and encouraging the adoption of clean coal technologies show that India has been making real efforts.

The Government is also keen to launch a National Mission on Biodiesel, using about 11 million hectares of land to produce biodiesel by 2011-2012.

India ratified the Paris Climate Agreement on 2 October 2016. And India has one of the largest renewable energy programmes in the world.

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[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 47]

The Indian Government is already participating in global efforts through a number of programmes. For example, India's National Auto-fuel Policy mandates cleaner fuels for vehicles. The energy Conservation Act, passed in 2001, outlines initiative to improve energy efficiency.

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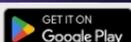
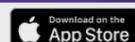
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Similarly, the Electricity Act of 2003 encourages the use of renewable energy. Recent trends in importing natural gas and encouraging the adoption of clean coal technologies show that India has been making real efforts. the Government is also keen to launch a National Mission on Biodiesel, using about 11 million hectares of land to produce biodiesel by 2011-2012. India ratified the Paris Climate Agreement on 2 October 2016. And India has one of the largest renewable energy programmes in the world.

A review of the implementation of the agreements at the Earth Summit in Rio was undertaken by India in 1997. India feels this contravenes very spirit of UNFCCC.

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[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 48]

The Indian Government is already participating in global efforts through a number of programmes. For example, India's National Auto-fuel Policy mandates cleaner fuels for vehicles. The energy Conservation Act, passed in 2001, outlines initiative to improve energy efficiency. Similarly, the Electricity Act of 2003 encourages the use of renewable energy. Recent trends in importing natural gas and encouraging the adoption of clean coal technologies show that India has been making real efforts. the Government is also keen to launch a National Mission on Biodiesel, using about 11 million hectares of land to produce biodiesel by 2011-2012. India ratified the Paris Climate Agreement on 2 October 2016. And India has one of the largest renewable energy programmes in the world.

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Neither does it seem fair to impose restrictions on India when the country's rise in per capita carbon emissions by 2030 is likely to still represent less than half the world average of 3.8 tonnes in 2000. Indian emissions are predicted to rise from 0.9 tonnes per capita in 2000 to 1.6 tonnes per capita in 2030

India emission are predicted to rise 1.6 tonnes per capital in \_\_\_\_\_

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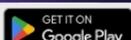
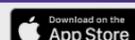
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- 3.2035
4. 2040

[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 49]

The Indian Government is already participating in global efforts through a number of programmes. For example, India's National Auto-fuel Policy mandates cleaner fuels for vehicles. The energy Conservation Act, passed in 2001, outlines initiative to improve energy efficiency. Similarly, the Electricity Act of 2003 encourages the use of renewable energy. Recent trends in importing natural gas and encouraging the adoption of clean coal technologies show that India has been making real efforts. The Government is also keen to launch a National Mission on Biodiesel, using about 11 million hectares of land to produce biodiesel by 2011-2012. India ratified the Paris Climate Agreement on 2 October 2016. And India has one of the largest renewable energy programmes in the world.

A review of the implementation of the agreements at the Earth Summit in Rio was undertaken by India in 1997. India feels this contravenes very spirit of UNFCCC. Neither does it seem fair to impose restrictions on India when the country's rise in per capita carbon emissions by 2030 is likely to still represent less than half the world average of 3.8 tonnes in 2000. Indian emissions are predicted to rise from 0.9 tonnes per capita in 2000 to 1.6 tonnes per capita in 2030

[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 50]

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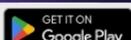
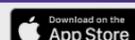
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12.

When did the Indian Constitution come into effect ?

- (1) 26 November 1949
- (2) 26 January 1950
- (3) 2nd October 1948
- (4) 15 August 1947

[Shift 30/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 1]

**Similar Questions:**

When did the Constitution of India come into effect?

1. 26th November 1949
2. 26th January 1950
3. 24th January 1950
4. 23rd January 1950

[shift-15-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 29]

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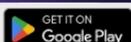
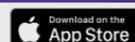
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13.

Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

(Agreements)

(A) The vAntarctic Treaty

(B) The Montreal Protocol

(C) The Antarctic Environmental Protocol

(D) The Earth Summit

List - II

(Years)

(1) 1987

(II) 1992

(III) 1959

(IV) 1991

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

(1) (A)-(1), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(IV)

(2) (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)

(3) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)

(4) (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)

[Shift 30/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 10]

**Similar Questions:**

**LIST I**

A. Antarctic Treaty

B. Montreal Protocol

C. Antarctic Environmental Protocol

D. Kyoto Protocol

**LIST II**

I. 1987

II. 1991

III. 1997

IV. 1959

1. (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)

2. (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)

3. (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

4. (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)

[Shift 16/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 31]

Match List I with List II

**LIST I**

A. Antarctic Treaty

B. Montreal Protocol

C. Antarctic Environment Protocol

D. Kyoto Protocol

**LIST II**

I. 1997

II. 1991

III. 1987

IV. 1959

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Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I
2. A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III
3. A-I, B-III, C-IV, D-II
4. A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I

[Shift 06/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 7]

**List – I**

- (A) Antarctica Treaty
- (B) Conference on Environment and Development
- (C) Antarctic Environmental Protocol
- (D) Montreal Protocol

**List – II**

- (I) 1992
- (II) 1987
- (III) 1959
- (IV) 1991

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (2) (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(IV)
- (3) (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 30]

Match List-I with List-II

**List-I**

- (A) Brundtland Report
- (B) Antarctic Treaty
- (C) Antarctic Environmental Protocol
- (D) Earth summit in Rio de Janeiro

**List-II**

- (I) 1992
- (II) 1991
- (III) 1959
- (IV) 1987

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
2. (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
3. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

[shift-13-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 11]

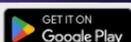
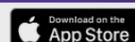
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14.

The India-Pakistan Indus water treaty was signed by Jawaharlal Nehru and Gen. Ayub Khan in the year:

- (1) 1962
- (2) 1961
- (3) 1960
- (4) 1964

[Shift 30/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 30]

**Similar Questions:**

The India-Pakistan Indus Water Treaty was signed by Nehru and General Ayub Khan in which year?

1. 1960
2. 1962
3. 1964
4. 1966

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 33]

15.

The First Elected President of Russia (1991 - 1999) was :

- (1) Mikhail Gorbachev
- (2) Boris Yeltsin
- (3) Nikita Khrushchev
- (4) Leonid Brezhnev

[Shift 30/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 33]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the first elected President of Russia?

1. Mikhail Gorbachev
2. Boris Yeltsin
3. Leonid Brezhnev
4. Joseph Stalin

[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 11]

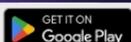
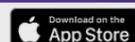
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16.

Name the countries which signed the Panchsheel Agreement :

- (1) India and Pakistan
- (2) India and Africa
- (3) India and Nepal
- (4) India and China

[Shift 30/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 35]

**Similar Questions:**

The Panchsheel Agreement was signed between which of the following two countries ?

- (1) India and China
- (2) India and Pakistan
- (3) India and Bangladesh
- (4) India and Nepal

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 38]

The Shimla Agreement of 1972 was signed between India and which of the following countries?

1. Nepal
2. Pakistan
3. China
4. Bangladesh

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 40]

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17.

Who is referred to as the Sunflower giving fakir in a well known poem written by Namdeo Dhasal ?

- (1) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (2) B.R. Ambedkar
- (3) Mahatma Gandhi
- (4) Jyotiba Phule

[Shift 30/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 39]

**Similar Questions:**

Who is referred to as the 'Sunflower giving Fakir' who blessed the 'Pilgrims of darkness' in the famous poem 'Golpitha' written by Namdeo Dhasal?

1. Mahatma Gandhi
2. Jawahar Lal Nehru
3. Baba Saheb Ambedkar
4. Jyotiba Phule

[Shift 10/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 38]

18.

Who had started the self-respect movement in 1925 ?

1. Narayan Guru
2. Jyotiba Phule
3. E. V. Ramasami Naickar
4. M. G. Ramachandran

[Shift 31/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 10]

**Similar Questions:**

Who among the following started the Self-Respect Movement in 1925?

1. E.V. Ramasami Naicker
2. Kashiram
3. B. R Ambedkar
4. Jyotiba Phule

[shift-13-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 31]

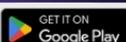
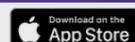
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19.

Tashkent Agreement was signed between

1. China and India
2. Russia and India
3. China and Pakistan
4. India and Pakistan

[Shift 31/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 14]

**Similar Questions:**

Tashkent Agreement was signed between:

1. India and Pakistan
2. India and Bangladesh
3. India and Sri Lanka
4. India and Myanmar

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 26]

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20.

In which year India first tested a nuclear device?

1. 1972
2. 1973
3. 1974
4. 1975

[Shift 31/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 26]

**Similar Questions:**

The first nuclear explosion undertaken by India was in May:

- (1) 1972
- (2) 1973
- (3) 1974
- (4) 1975

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 1]

**The first nuclear explosion undertaken by India was in May:**

- (1) 1972
- (2) 1973
- (3) 1974
- (4) 1975

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 52]

The first nuclear explosion undertaken by India in which year

1. 1973
2. 1974
3. 1975
4. 1976

[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 15]

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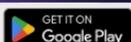
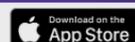
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21.

Who was the first secretary General of the United Nations?

1. U. Thant
2. Trygve lie
3. Kurt Waldheim
4. Javeir Perez de cuellar

[Shift 31/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 27]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the first Secretary General of the UN?

- (1) U. Thant
- (2) Dag Hammarskjold
- (3) Kurt Waldheim
- (4) Trygve Lie

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 32]

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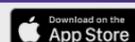
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22.

Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R

Assertion A: Globalisation is a multidimensional concept. It has political, economic and cultural manifestations and these must be adequately distinguished.

Reason R: The impact of globalisation is vastly uneven, it affects some countries more than others, so no general conclusions can be drawn about the equal impact of globalisation.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate from the options given below.

1. Both A and R are correct and R is the correct explanation of A
2. Both A and R are correct but R is NOT the correct explanation of A
3. A is correct but R is not correct
4. A is not correct but R is correct

[Shift 31/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 30]

**Similar Questions:**

Given below are two statements: one is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labelled as Reason (R).

Assertion

(A): Globalization is a multidimensional concept. It has political, economic and cultural dimensions and these must be adequately distinguished.

Reason

(R): Globalization has economic dimensions and it involves of goods, trade and investment from one part of the world to another.

In light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- (2) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct explanation of (A)
- (3) (A) is true but (R) is false
- (4) (A) is false but (R) is true

[Shift 09/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 14]

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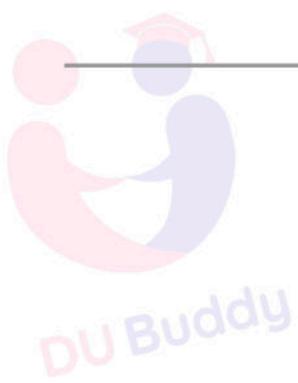
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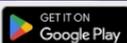
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23.

Match List I with List II

LIST I

- A. Anti Arrack Movement
- B. Chipko Movement
- C. Narmada Bachao Movement
- D. Total

Revolution LIST II

- I. Gujarat
- II. Bihar
- III. Uttarakhand
- IV. Andhra Pradesh

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. A-IV, B-III, C-I, D-II
- 2. A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I
- 3. A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV
- 4. A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV

[Shift 31/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 35]

**Similar Questions:**

Match List I with List II

LIST I

- A. Narmada Bachao Andolan
- B. Anti-Arrack Movement
- C. Chipko Movement
- D. Movement for Right to Information

LIST II

- I. Andhra Pradesh
- II. Rajasthan
- III. Gujarat
- IV. Uttarakhand

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV
- 2. A-1, B-III, C-III, D-IV
- 3. A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II
- 4. A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III

[Shift 23/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 29]

Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

List - II

(Popular Movements)

(Origin State)

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- (A) Chipko movement (I) Gujarat  
(B) Dalit Liberation movement (II) Uttarakhand  
(C) Anti Arrack movement (III) Maharashtra  
(D) Narmada Bachao Andolan (IV) Andhra Pradesh

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (1) (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)  
(2) (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)  
(3) (A)-(I), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)  
(4) (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 15]

24.

How many member countries are there in ASEAN?

1. 7  
2. 8  
3. 10  
4. 12

[Shift 31/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 36]

**Similar Questions:**

How many countries are members of ASEAN presently?

1. 5 Countries  
2. 9 Countries  
3. 10 Countries  
4. 12 Countries

[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 47]

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25.

**Read the following passage and answer the following questions.**

India's new beginning in the 'post-Cold War period is largely attributed to the liberal economic order.

The liberal security order on the other hand has welcomed India's rise unlike China, largely because India's democratic credentials gel well with the liberal principles. President Clinton made a state visit to India within two years of imposed sanction against India's nuclear testing. The era witnessed reconciliation between the worlds oldest and largest democracies. The multi-sector cooperation alongside the Indo-US nuclear deal are some of the momentous diplomatic developments of the last decade. The Bush administration perceived a strong democratic India an important partner for the United States and encouraged India to play an increasingly important leadership role in 21st century Asia. Inclusion of India in decision making on matters of global governance, upgraded representation in trade and investment forums, admission into multilateral export control regimes (MTCR) and support for admission in Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG) are indicative of growing partnership and strengthening of friendly relations between the US and India.

What is the full form of NSG?

1. Nuclear Suppliers Group
2. Nuclear Software Group
3. Network Supplies Group
4. Nuclear Seller Group

[Shift 31/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 46]

**Similar Questions:**

**Read the following passage and answer the following questions.**

India's new beginning in the 'post-Cold War period is largely attributed to the liberal economic order. The liberal security order on the other hand has welcomed India's rise unlike China, largely because India's democratic credentials gel well with the liberal

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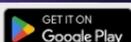
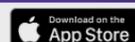
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principles'. President Clinton made a state visit to India within two years of imposed sanctions against India's nuclear testing. The era witnessed reconciliation between the world's oldest and largest democracies. The multi-sector cooperation alongside the Indo-US nuclear deal are some of the momentous diplomatic developments of the last decade. The Bush administration perceived a strong democratic India an an important partner for the United States and encouraged India to play an increasingly important leadership role in 21st century Asia. Inclusion of India in decision-making on matters of global governance, upgraded representation in trade and investment forums, admission into multilateral export control regimes (MTCR) and support for admission in Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG) are indicative of growing partnership and strengthening of friendly relations between the US and India.

During Cold War, the world was divided in how many blocks?

- 1.5
- 2.4
- 3.1
- 4.2

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 46]

**Read the following passage and answer the following questions.**

India's new beginning in the 'post-Cold War period is largely attributed to the liberal economic order. The liberal security order on the other hand has welcomed India's rise unlike China, largely because India's democratic credentials gel well with the liberal principles'. President Clinton made a state visit to India within two years of imposed sanctions against India's nuclear testing. The era witnessed reconciliation between the world's oldest and largest democracies. The multi-sector cooperation alongside the Indo-US nuclear deal are some of the momentous diplomatic developments of the last decade. The Bush administration perceived a strong democratic India an an important partner for the United States and encouraged India to play an increasingly important leadership role in 21st century Asia. Inclusion of India in decision-making on matters of global governance, upgraded representation in trade and investment forums,

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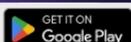
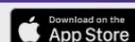
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admission into multilateral export control regimes (MTCR) and support for admission in Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG) are indicative of growing partnership and strengthening of friendly relations between the US and India.

\_\_\_\_\_ made a visit to India within a two year of imposed Sanctions against India's nuclear testing?

1. President Mikhail Gorbachev
2. President Obama
3. President H. W. Bush
4. President Clinton

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 47]

**Read the following passage and answer the following questions.**

India's new beginning in the 'post-Cold War period is largely attributed to the liberal economic order. The liberal security order on the other hand has welcomed India's rise unlike China, largely because India's democratic credentials gel well with the liberal principles'. President Clinton made a state visit to India within two years of imposed sanctions against India's nuclear testing. The era witnessed reconciliation between the world's oldest and largest democracies. The multi-sector cooperation alongside the Indo-US nuclear deal are some of the momentous diplomatic developments of the last decade. The Bush administration perceived a strong democratic India an an important partner for the United States and encouraged India to play an increasingly important leadership role in 21st century Asia. Inclusion of India in decision-making on matters of global governance, upgraded representation in trade and investment forums, admission into multilateral export control regimes (MTCR) and support for admission in Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG) are indicative of growing partnership and strengthening of friendly relations between the US and India.

Which country is referred to as the world's 'oldest democracy'?

1. US
2. France
3. England
4. Russia

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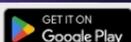
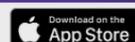
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[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 48]

**Read the following passage and answer the following questions.**

India's new beginning in the 'post-Cold War period is largely attributed to the liberal economic order. The liberal security order on the other hand has welcomed India's rise unlike China, largely because India's democratic credentials gel well with the liberal principles'. President Clinton made a state visit to India within two years of imposed sanctions against India's nuclear testing. The era witnessed reconciliation between the world's oldest and largest democracies. The multi-sector cooperation alongside the Indo-US nuclear deal are some of the momentous diplomatic developments of the last decade. The Bush administration perceived a strong democratic India an an important partner for the United States and encouraged India to play an increasingly important leadership role in 21st century Asia. Inclusion of India in decision-making on matters of global governance, upgraded representation in trade and investment forums, admission into multilateral export control regimes (MTCR) and support for admission in Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG) are indicative of growing partnership and strengthening of friendly relations between the US and India.

In which year India declared itself as a nuclear power state?

1. 1997
2. 1996
3. 1998
4. 1971

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 49]

**Read the following passage and answer the following questions.**

India's new beginning in the 'post-Cold War period is largely attributed to the liberal economic order. The liberal security order on the other hand has welcomed India's rise unlike China, largely because India's democratic credentials gel well with the liberal principles'. President Clinton made a state visit to India within two years of imposed sanctions against India's nuclear testing. The era witnessed reconciliation

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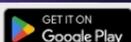
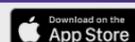
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between the world's oldest and largest democracies. The multi-sector cooperation alongside the Indo-US nuclear deal are some of the momentous diplomatic developments of the last decade. The Bush administration perceived a strong democratic India an an important partner for the United States and encouraged India to play an increasingly important leadership role in 21st century Asia. Inclusion of India in decision-making on matters of global governance, upgraded representation in trade and investment forums, admission into multilateral export control regimes (MTCR) and support for admission in Nuclear Suppliers Group (NSG) are indicative of growing partnership and strengthening of friendly relations between the US and India.

What is the full form of NSG?

1. Nuclear Suppliers Group
2. Nuclear Software Group
3. Network Supplies Group
4. Nuclear Seller Group

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 50]

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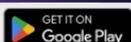
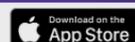
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26.

The following statement was given by which leader 'Tomorrow we shall be free from the slavery of the British domination. But at midnight India will be partitioned. Tomorrow will thus be a day of rejoicing as well as mourning'.

- (1) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (2) Mohd. Ali Jinnah
- (3) Mahatma Gandhi
- (4) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

[Shift 22/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 3]

**Similar Questions:**

Who said the following words:

'Tomorrow we shall be free from the slavery of the British dominations. But at midnight India will be partitioned.

Tomorrow will thus be a day of rejoicing as well as mourning.'

- (1) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (2) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- (3) Mahatma Gandhi
- (4) Lal Bahadur Shastri

[Shift 28/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 24]

'Tomorrow we shall be free from the slavery of the British domination. But at midnight, India will be partitioned.

Tomorrow will thus be a day of rejoicing as well as of mourning!' Who among the following made this statement?

1. Jawaharlal Nehru
2. Subash Chandra Bose
3. Faiz Ahmed Faiz
4. Mahatma Gandhi

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 23]

"Tomorrow we shall be free from the slavery of the British domination. But at midnight India will be partitioned. Tomorrow will thus be a day of rejoicing as well as of mourning". Who said the above lines?

1. Jawaharlal Nehru
2. Dr. BR Ambedkar
3. Mahatma Gandhi

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4. Sardar Patel

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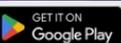
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[Shift 31/05/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 33]

Who among the following leaders said, "Tomorrow we shall be free from the slavery of the British domination. But at midnight, India will be partitioned. Tomorrow will thus be a day of rejoicing as well as of mourning"?

1. Jawaharlal Nehru
2. Mahatma Gandhi
3. Bhim Rao Ambedkar
4. Sardar Patel

[Shift-14-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 12]

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27.

In which year, Article 370 was abolished by the Jammu and Kashmir Reorganisation Act?

- (1) 2018
- (2) 2019
- (3) 2020
- (4) 2017

[Shift 22/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 6]

**Similar Questions:**

Which article was abolished by Jammu and Kashmir Reorganisation Act 2019 ?

- (1) 370
- (2) 371
- (3) 377
- (4) 249

[Shift 09/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 8]

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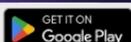
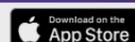
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28.

Match List - I with List - II.

List - I

- (A) National fish workers forum
- (B) Anti-Arrack movement
- (C) Sardar Sarovar Project
- (D) Mazdoor Kisan Shakti Sangathan (MKSS)

List - II

- (I) Kerala
- (II) Andhra Pradesh
- (III) Madhya Pradesh, Gujarat
- (IV) Rajasthan

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(IV)
- (2) (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (3) (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (4) (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)

[Shift 22/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 7]

**Similar Questions:**

**List – I**

- (A) Anti Arrack Movement
- (B) National Fish Worker Forum
- (C) Bhartiya Kisan Union
- (D) Sardar Sarovar Project

**List – II**

- (I) Uttar Pradesh
- (II) Gujarat
- (III) Andhra Pradesh
- (IV) Kerala

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (2) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)
- (3) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (4) (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)

[Shift 23/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 16]

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29.

The Government of India replaced the Planning Commission with a new institution named the NITI Aayog (National Institution for Transforming India), which came into existence on :

- (1) 15 August 2000
- (2) 1 January 2015
- (3) 26 January 2018
- (4) 30 March 2010

[Shift 22/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 12]

**Similar Questions:**

The Government of India replaced the planning commission with a new institution named the NITI Aayog. On which date did this institution come into existence?

1. 1 January 2015
2. 30 January 2015
3. 1 March 2016
4. 31 March 2016

[Shift 12/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 34]

The Government of India replaced the Planning Commission with a new institution named the NITI Aayog, which came into existence on which date?

1. 1 January 2014
2. 1 January 2015
3. 1 January 2016
4. 1 January 2017

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 30]

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30.

What was the code name given to the atom bomb dropped by US on the Japanese city of Nagasaki in 1945 ?

- (1) The little Boy
- (2) Little girl
- (3) Fat woman
- (4) Fat man

[Shift 22/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 14]

**Similar Questions:**

What was the code name of the bomb dropped by US on Japanese city of Nagasaki?

- (1) Little Boy
- (2) Little Man
- (3) Fat Man
- (4) Fat Boy

[Shift 17/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 4]

The bomb dropped by the US on Hiroshima city was code named

1. Fat Man
2. Little Boy
3. Fat Woman
4. Little Girl

[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 21]

What was the code name of the bomb which was dropped by the US on Japanese city of Hiroshima?

1. Fat Man
2. Little Boy
3. Fat Boy
4. Little Man

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 10]

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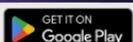
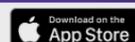
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31.

The first country to liberalise its economy in South Asian region was:

- (1) Nepal
- (2) Sri Lanka
- (3) Pakistan
- (4) Bangladesh

[Shift 22/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 20]

**Similar Questions:**

Which one of the following was the first country to liberalise its economy in the South Asian region?

1. Bhutan
2. Sri Lanka
3. India
4. Pakistan

[Shift 06/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 11]

Name the first country to liberalise its economy in the South Asian region \_\_\_\_\_

1. Bangladesh
2. Sri Lanka
3. Bhutan
4. Nepal

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 44]

Which of the following country was the first to liberalize its economy in South Asian Region ?

1. Nepal
2. Sri Lanka
3. India
4. Maldives

[shift-29-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 9]

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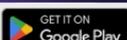
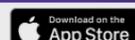
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32.

In which year the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) came into existence ?

- (1) 1948
- (2) 1949
- (3) 1950
- (4) 1951

[Shift 22/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 30]

**Similar Questions:**

NATO came into existence in:

- (1) April 1949
- (2) April 1950
- (3) April 1948
- (4) March 1951

[Pol Science PYQ 16th July Slot 2, Qno: 5]

---

33.

WTO is serving as the successor to which of the following organisation?

- (1) General Arrangement on trade and tariffs
- (2) General Agreement on trade and tariffs
- (3) World Health Organisation
- (4) UN Development Programme

[Shift 22/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 40]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following organisation is successor of the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs (GATT)

1. IMF
2. WTO
3. ILO
4. World Bank

[Shift 18/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 2]

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34.

Which Article of the Indian Constitution lays down the Directive Principles of State Policy on 'Promotion of International Peace and Security.'

1. Article 48
2. Article 151
3. Article 51
4. Article 53

[Shift 02/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 7]

**Similar Questions:**

Which Article of the Indian Constitution deals with the provisions of 'Promotion of International Peace and Security'?

- (1) Article 48
- (2) Article 49
- (3) Article 50
- (4) Article 51

[Shift 28/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 2]

Which article of the Indian Constitution lays down the Directive Principles of state policy on 'Promotion of International Peace and Security'?

1. Article 29
2. Article 35
3. Article 49
4. Article 51

[Shift 31/05/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 31]

Which Article of the Indian constitution lays down some directive principles of State policy on 'Promotion of international peace and security'

1. Article 51
2. Article 52
3. Article 53
4. Article 54

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 20]

The Directive Principles of the state policy to promote International Peace and security is given in which article of the constitution?

- (1) Article - 50

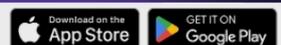
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(2) Article - 41

(3) Article - 51

(4) Article 14

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 8]

In which Article of Indian constitution lays down some Directive Principles of state Policy on Promotion of International peace and security

1. Article 51

2. Article 50

3. Article 49

4. Article 48

[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 16]

**According to Indian Constitution, which Article deals with 'Promotion of International Peace and Security'?**

(1) Article 50

(2) Article 51

(3) Article 52

(4) Article 53

[Pol Science PYQ 19th July Slot 2, Qno: 28]

**Which article of the Directive Principle of the Indian constitution promotes international peace and security?**

1.15

2.51

3.17

4.21

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 8]

Which article of the Directive Principles of the Indian Constitution promotes international peace and security?

(1) 15

(2) 51

(3) 17

(4) 21

[Pol Science PYQ 30 august Slot 1, Qno: 9]

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Which of the following Directive Principles of State Policy is mentioned in Article 51 of the Constitution of India?

1. Promotion of international peace and security
2. Cooperative Farming
3. Liberalisation
4. Self-sufficiency

[shift-16-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 35]

Which provision in the Indian Constitution lays down the principles of 'promotion of international Peace and Security'?

1. Article 51
2. Article 48
3. Article 40
4. Article 42

[shift-14-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 23]

35.

In which year did Nepal become a democratic republic?

1. 2008
2. 2015
3. 2007
4. 2016

[Shift 02/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 9]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year did Nepal become a democratic republic after the abolishing of monarchy?

1. 2005
2. 2006
3. 2007
4. 2008

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 3]

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36.

Match the following leaders listed in list I with the parties in list II

LIST I

- A. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee
- B. Minoo Masani
- C. Acharya Narendra Dev
- D. S. A. Dange

LIST II

- I. Communist Party of India
- II. Congress Socialist Party
- III. Bharatiya Jana Sangh
- IV. Swatantra Party

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I
- 2. A-I, B-IV, C-II, D-III
- 3. A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
- 4. A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV

[Shift 02/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 15]

**Similar Questions:**

**List – I**

- (A) S.A. Dange
- (B) Shyama Prasad Mukherjee
- (C) Minoo Masani
- (D) Ashok Mehta

**List – II**

- (I) Bharatiya Jana Sangh
- (II) Swatantra Party
- (III) Praja Socialist Party
- (IV) Communist Party of India

**Options:**

- 1. (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)
- 2. (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- 3. (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)
- 4. (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)

[Shift 30/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 28]

**Match List-I with List-II**

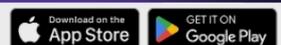
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**List-I**

- (A) S.A. Dange
- (B) Shyama Prasad Mukherjee
- (C) Minoo Masani
- (D) Ashok Mehta

**List-II**

- (I) Bharatiya Jana Sangh
- (II) Swatantra Party
- (III) Praja Socialist Party
- (IV) Communist Party of India

- (1) (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(II), (D)-(III)
- (2) (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (3) (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)
- (4) (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 33]

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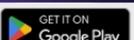
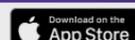
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37.

A section of the big industrialists got together in 1944 and drafted a joint proposal for setting up a planned economy in country. It was called the:

1. Planning Commission
2. National Development Commission
3. Bombay Plan
4. NITI Aayog

[Shift 02/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 17]

**Similar Questions:**

A section of the big industrialists got together in 1944 and drafted a joint proposal for setting up a planned economy in the country it was called\_\_\_\_\_

1. Russian Plan
2. Global Plan
3. Bombay Plan
4. SwissPlan

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 30]

A section of the big industrialists got together in 1944 and drafted a joint proposal for setting up a planned economy in the country which was called the.

1. Calcutta Plan
2. Bombay Plan
3. Madras Plan
4. Pune Plan

[Shift 12/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 4]

A section of the big industrialist got together in 1944 and drafted a joint proposal for setting up a planned economy in the country. It was called\_\_\_\_\_

1. Industries Plan
2. New strategy of business
3. Bombay Plan
4. Revised Plan

[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 13]

In 1944, a section of big industrialists got together and drafted a joint proposal for setting up a planned economy in the country. It was called the

1. Bombay Plan
2. Total Revolution

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3. Madras Plan

4. Delhi Plan

[shift-20-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 7]

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38.

Who is known as 'Frontier Gandhi'?

1. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
2. Maulana Hazrat Mohavi
3. Mohammad Ali Jinnah
4. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan

[Shift 02/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 30]

**Similar Questions:**

Who among following leaders is known as 'Frontier Gandhi'?

1. Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar
2. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan
3. Mahatma Gandhi
4. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad

[shift-16-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 2]

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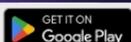
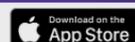
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39.

The Rio Summit produced conventions dealing with climate change, biodiversity, forestry and recommended a list of developed practices know:

1. Brundtland Report 1987
2. Antarctic Treaty 1959
3. Agenda 21
4. Antarctic Environmental Protocol 1991

[Shift 02/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 39]

**Similar Questions:**

The Rio Summit produced conventions dealing with climate change, biodiversity, forestry, and recommended a list of development practices called:

1. Agenda 51
2. Agenda 41
3. Agenda 31
4. Agenda 21

[Shift 23/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 23]

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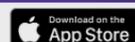
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40.

The mentioned logo's regional forum was established in which year?

1. 1994
2. 1995
3. 1996
4. 1997

[Shift 02/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 49]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year the ASEAN regional forum was established?

- (1) 1993
- (2) 1994
- (3) 1995
- (4) 1996

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 32]

In which year ASEAN Regional Forum was established?

1. 1994
2. 1995
3. 1992
4. 1998

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 4]

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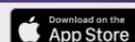
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41.

Which of the following statements are associated with the word Globalization?

- (A) The practice of protectionism and mercantilism
- (B) The creation of a global village
- (C) An Indian company buying a major rival company based in Europe, despite protests by some of the current owners
- (D) Many retail shopkeepers fear that they would lose their livelihoods if some major international companies open retail chain in their country
- (E) Lockdown of international borders during the spread of Covid - 19 pandemic

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A), (B), and (E)
- (2) (B), (C), and (D)
- (3) (A), and (E)
- (4) (C), (D), and (E)

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 1]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** Which of the following statements are associated with the word Globalization?

- (A) The practice of protectionism and mercantilism
- (B) The creation of a global village
- (C) An Indian company buying a major rival company based in Europe, despite protests by some of the current owners
- (D) Many retail shopkeepers fear that they would lose their livelihoods if some major international companies open retail chains in their country
- (E) Lockdown of international borders during the spread of Covid-19 pandemic

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A), (B), and (E)
- (B), (C), and (D)
- (A), and (E)
- (C), (D), and (E)

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 17]

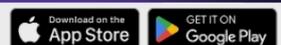
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42.

When did India ratify the Paris Climate Agreement?

- (1) 2 Oct 2015
- (2) 30 Jan 2018
- (3) 2 Oct 2016
- (4) 30 Jan 2016

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 2]

**Similar Questions:**

**Q.40 When did India ratify the Paris Climate Agreement?**

- 1.2 Oct 2015
- 2.30 Jan 2018
- 3.2 Oct 2016
- 4.30 Jan 2016

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 40]

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43.

Which countries are included in the South Asian Region?

- (1) India, Sri Lanka, Singapore, Malaysia, Nepal, Pakistan, Bhutan
- (2) Bhutan, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Thailand, Singapore, Maldives
- (3) Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka
- (4) Indonesia, India, Singapore, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Nepal

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 3]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** Which countries are included in the South Asian Region?

1. India, Sri Lanka, Singapore, Malaysia, Nepal, Pakistan, Bhutan
2. Bhutan, Nepal, Sri Lanka, Pakistan, Thailand, Singapore, Maldives
3. Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, Sri Lanka
4. Indonesia, India, Singapore, Pakistan, Afghanistan, Sri Lanka, Nepal

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 16]

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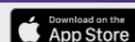
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44.

Identify the incorrect statement:

- (1) After the death of Rajiv Gandhi, Narsimha Rao became the Prime Minister
- (2) Both BJP and the left supported the National Front Government in 1989 as both wanted to keep Congress out of Power
- (3) Manmohan Singh was the leader of the National Democratic Alliance
- (4) In 1996 the Left Front and the Congress supported the United Front Government as both wanted to keep BJP out of power.

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 4]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** Identify the incorrect statement:

1. After the death of Rajiv Gandhi, Narsimha Rao became the Prime Minister
2. Both BJP and the Left supported the National Front Government in 1989 as both wanted to keep Congress out of power
3. Manmohan Singh was the leader of the National Democratic Alliance
4. In 1996, the Left Front and the Congress supported the United Front Government as both wanted to keep BJP out of power

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 21]

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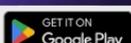
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45.

Which of the following statements is incorrect?

- (1) The Indian fishers constitute the second largest fishing population in the world
- (2) The Anti- arrack movement was a movement connected with the sale of liquor
- (3) The Chipko movement was started by the villagers of Andhra Pradesh
- (4) The Bharatiya Kisan Union is an organisation of farmers of western U.P. and Haryana

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 6]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** Which of the following statements is incorrect?

1. The Indian fishers constitute the second largest fishing population in the world
2. The Anti-arrack movement was a movement connected with the sale of liquor
3. The Chipko movement was started by the villagers of Andhra Pradesh
4. The Bharatiya Kisan Union is an organisation of farmers of western U.P. and Haryana

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 26]

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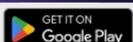
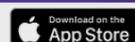
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46.

NATO was led by \_\_\_\_\_ and the Warsaw Pact was led by \_\_\_\_\_

- (1) USSR, USA
- (2) China, USSR
- (3) USA, India
- (4) USA, USSR

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 8]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** NATO was led by \_\_\_\_\_ and the Warsaw Pact was led by \_\_\_\_\_.

1. USSR, USA
2. China, USSR
3. USA, India
4. USA, USSR

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 5]

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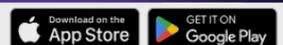
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47.

In August 1990, the National Front Government decided to implement one of the recommendations of the Mandal Commission which sparked agitations and violent protests in many cities of North India. The decision was challenged in the Supreme Court and came to be known as:

- (1) Kesavananda Bharti Case
- (2) Indira Sawhney Case
- (3) Mandal Case
- (4) Second Backward Classes Commission Case

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 9]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** In August 1990, the National Front Government decided to implement one of the recommendations of the Mandal Commission, which sparked agitations and violent protests in many cities of North India. The decision was challenged in the Supreme Court and came to be known as:

1. Kesavananda Bharti Case
2. Indira Sawhney Case
3. Mandal Case
4. Second Backward Classes Commission Case

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 3]

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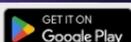
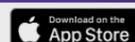
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48.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A) In 1989, the Left and the BJP both supported the National Front Government
- (B) In 1989, the Congress was not the largest party in the Lok Sabha
- (C) In 1989, the BJP and the Left joined the National Front Government
- (D) The National Front was an alliance of Janta Dal and some other regional parties

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (B) and (D) only
- (2) (B) and (C) only
- (3) (A) and (B) only
- (4) (A) and (D) only

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 10]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A) In 1989, the Left and the BJP both supported the National Front Government
- (B) In 1989, the Congress was not the largest party in the Lok Sabha
- (C) In 1989, the BJP and the Left joined the National Front Government
- (D) The National Front was an alliance of Janta Dal and some other regional parties

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

- 1.(B) and (D) only
- 2.(B) and (C) only
- 3.(A) and (B) only
- 4.(A) and (D) only

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 19]

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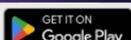
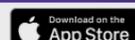
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49.

Which ideology did Acharya Narendra Dev and Jayprakash Narayan belong to :

- (1) Communist
- (2) Socialist
- (3) Capitalist
- (4) Radicalist

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 11]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** Which ideology did Acharya Narendra Dev and Jayprakash Narayan belong to:

- Communist
- Socialist
- Capitalist
- Radicalist

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 2]

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50.

The Princely State whose territories were merged into India after a 'Plebiscite' was:

- (1) Kashmir
- (2) Manipur
- (3) Junagadh
- (4) Hyderabad

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 14]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** The Princely State whose territories were merged into India after a 'Plebiscite' was:

- 1.Kashmir
- 2.Manipur
- 3.Junagadh
- 4.Hyderabad

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 23]

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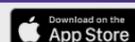
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51.

Which among the following suggestions were put forward by the Bombay Plan?

- (1) The private industrialists must come forward and initiate economic investment
- (2) The state must take major initiatives in industrial and other economic investments
- (3) The Planning Commissions are inefficient and they should not be established
- (4) The American model of capitalism must be established

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 15]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question: Which among the following suggestions were put forward by the Bombay Plan?**

1. The private industrialists must come forward and initiate economic investment
2. The state must take major initiatives in industrial and other economic investments
3. The Planning Commissions are inefficient and they should not be established
4. The American model of capitalism must be established

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 25]

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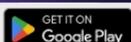
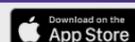
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52.

In which country was the Conference on Environment and Development held in June 1992 ?

- (1) Indonesia
- (2) Zimbabwe
- (3) Brazil
- (4) Durban

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 21]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** In which country was the Conference on Environment and Development held in June 1992?

- 1.Indonesia
- 2.Zimbabwe
- 3.Brazil
- 4.Durban

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 27]

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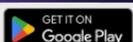
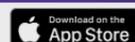
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53.

Which of the following terms explains this statement 'A process of exchanging information on defence matters between nations on a regular basis.'

- (1) Confidence Building Measures (CBMs)
- (2) Arms Control
- (3) Alliance
- (4) Disarmament

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 25]

**Similar Questions:**

A process of exchanging information in defence matters between nation on regular basis came under :

- (1) Disarmament
- (2) Alliance
- (3) Confidence Building Measures
- (4) Arms Control

[Shift 09/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 38]

**Q.31 Which of the following terms explains this statement "A process of exchanging information on defence matters between nations on a regular basis."**

1. Confidence Building Measures (CBMs)
2. Arms Control
3. Alliance
4. Disarmament

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 31]

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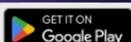
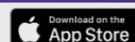
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54.

People who have fled their homes (because of some reasons, e.g. targeted violence) but remain within the national borders are called \_\_\_\_\_

- (1) Migrants
- (2) Internally displaced People
- (3) Immigrants
- (4) Foreigner

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 27]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** People who have fled their homes (because of some reasons, e.g. targeted violence) but remain within the national borders are called:

1. Migrants
2. Internally displaced People
3. Immigrants
4. Foreigner

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 24]

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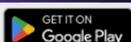
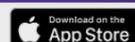
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55.

What among the following was not the outcome of Lok Sabha elections of 1977 ?

- (1) The Congress party was defeated in the elections
- (2) There was a contest for the office of the Prime Minister between Morarji Desai, Ch. Charan Singh and Jagjivan Ram
- (3) Jagjivan Ram was elected as the Prime Minister
- (4) The Janta Party and its allies won 330 seats out of 542 seats of Lok Sabha

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 29]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** What among the following was not the outcome of the Lok Sabha elections of 1977?

1. The Congress party was defeated in the elections
2. There was a contest for the office of the Prime Minister between Morarji Desai, Ch. Charan Singh, and Jagjivan Ram
3. Jagjivan Ram was elected as the Prime Minister
4. The Janta Party and its allies won 330 seats out of 542 seats of Lok Sabha

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 18]

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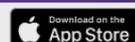
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56.

What was the 'Open door' Policy of China?

- (1) The Policy was to protect the economy of China, by putting trade barriers
- (2) The Policy was to generate higher productivity by investments of Capital and Technology from abroad
- (3) The Policy meant accepting the 'Shock Therapy'
- (4) The Policy was to become the Super Power

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 30]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** What was the "Open door" Policy of China?

1. The Policy was to protect the economy of China, by putting trade barriers
2. The Policy was to generate higher productivity by investments of Capital and Technology from abroad
3. The Policy meant accepting the 'Shock Therapy'
4. The Policy was to become the Super Power

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 20]

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57.

Name the political leader who announced nation wide Satyagrah during Emergency in 1975.

- (1) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (2) Jayprakash Narayan
- (3) Morarji Desai
- (4) Indira Gandhi

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 34]

**Similar Questions:**

**Q.37 Name the political leader who announced nationwide Satyagrah during Emergency in 1975.**

1. Jawaharlal Nehru
2. Jayprakash Narayan
3. Morarji Desai
4. Indira Gandhi

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 37]

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58.

In which year was the Eastern Alliance known as the Warsaw Pact created?

- (1) 1953
- (2) 1954
- (3) 1955
- (4) 1956

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 35]

**Similar Questions:**

When was the eastern alliance known as the Warsaw Pact led by the Soviet Union created?

1. 1954
2. 1955
3. 1956
4. 1957

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 28]

**Question:** In which year was the Eastern Alliance known as the Warsaw Pact created?

- 1.1953
- 2.1954
- 3.1955
- 4.1956

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 11]

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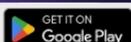
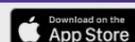
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59.

The number of non permanent members of the UN Security Council was expanded from 11 to 15 in the year:

- (1) 1945
- (2) 1955
- (3) 1965
- (4) 1975

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 40]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** The number of non-permanent members of the UN Security Council was expanded from 11 to 15 in the year:

- 1.1945
- 2.1955
- 3.1965
- 4.1975

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 12]

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60.

Which of the following is not a part of the four modernizations proposed by Zhou Enlai in 1973 ?

- (1) Industry
- (2) Science
- (3) Agriculture
- (4) Education

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 41]

**Similar Questions:**

**Q.41 Which of the following is not a part of the four modernizations proposed by Zhou Enlai in 1973?**

1. Industry
2. Science
3. Agriculture
4. Education

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 41]

Which of the following is not included in the "four modernisations proposed by Premier Zhou Enlai in 1973?

1. Agriculture
2. Industry
3. Science and technology
4. Health

[shift-21-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 9]

Which among the following is not a component of the 'four modernisations' proposed by Premier Zhou Enlai?

1. agriculture
2. industry
3. education
4. military

[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 16]

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61.

Who announced the 'Open Door Policy' and economic reforms in China in 1978 ?

- (1) Zhou Enlai
- (2) Deng Xioping
- (3) Xi Zin Ping
- (4) Mao Ze Dang

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 42]

**Similar Questions:**

**Q.42 Who announced the 'Open Door Policy' and economic reforms in China in 1978?**

- 1.Zhou Enlai
- 2.Deng Xiaoping
- 3.Xi Jinping
- 4.Mao Zedong

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 42]

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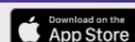
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62.

China's economy following the communist revolution was based upon which model?

- (1) Confucian Model
- (2) American Model
- (3) Soviet Model
- (4) Capitalist Model

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 43]

**Similar Questions:**

**Q.43 China's economy following the communist revolution was based upon which model?** 1. Confucian Model

2. American Model
3. Soviet Model
4. Capitalist Model

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 43]

63.

Which of the following symbol is associated with China's rising power?

- (1) Lion
- (2) Dragon
- (3) Tiger
- (4) Leopard

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 44]

**Similar Questions:**

**Q.44 Which of the following symbols is associated with China's rising power?**

1. Lion
2. Dragon
3. Tiger
4. Leopard

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 44]

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64.

Which year was the People's Republic of China established under the leadership of Mao-Ze Dang?

- (1) 1946
- (2) 1947
- (3) 1948
- (4) 1949

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 45]

**Similar Questions:**

**Which year was the People's Republic of China established under the leadership of Mao-Ze Dong?**

- 1.1946
- 2.1947
- 3.1948
- 4.1949

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 45]

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65.

**Read the passage and answer the following question :**

In 2014, the Planning Commission was replaced by NITI Aayog, a more robust organisation. It is more like a think-tank that works with stakeholders for developing the country.

The Planning Commission of India was an organization in the Government of India, which formulated India's 5 Year Plans, among other functions. The Planning Commission was charged with the service of the opportunities to all for employment in the service of the community.

The PC was reporting directly to the PM of India. It was established on 15 March 1950, with PM Jawaharlal Nehru as the chairman. The PC did not derive its creation from either the Constitution or statute but was an arm of the Central/Union Government.

The PC was set up by a Resolution of the Government of India in March 1950. The prime objectives of the Government were to propel a rapid increase in the living standard of Indians by the productive exploitation of the country's resources, raising production and securing opportunities for everyone for employment in the service of the society. PC was assigned the responsibility of assessing all the resources of the country, enhancing scarce resources, drafting plans for the most productive and balanced usage of resources and ascertaining priorities.

The first Five-year Plan was launched in 1951 and subsequent Five-year Plans were formulated till 1965 when a gap occurred due to the war with Pakistan. Two consecutive years of drought, rupee devaluation, a general hike in prices and depletion of resources derailed the planning process and after Annual plans from 1966 to 1969, the 4th Five-year Plan was started in 1969. The 8th Plan could not be launched in 1990 due to political situations altering and instabilities at the Centre and the years 1990-91 and 1991-92 received the Annual Plans. The 8th Plan was

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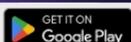
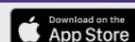
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finally kicked off in 1992 after the economic liberalization policies were started by the government. For the first 8 Plans, the focus was on an expanding public sector with massive investments in the heavy and basic industrial sector, but after the launch of the 9th Plan in 1997, the emphasis has shifted from heavy industries and moved on to the thinking that planning should largely be indicative in nature.

Which one of the following is an extra constitutional Body?

- (1) Niti Aayog
- (2) Shah Aayog
- (3) Nirman Aayog
- (4) Economic Plan Committee

[Shift 24/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 46]

**Similar Questions:**

**Read the passage and answer the following question:**

In 2014, the Planning Commission was replaced by NITI Aayog, a more robust organisation. It is more like a think-tank that works with states for developing the country. The Planning Commission of India was an organization in the Government of India, which formulated India's 5-Year Plans, among other functions. The Planning Commission was charged with the service of the opportunities to all for employment in the service of the community. The PC was reporting directly to the PM of India. It was established on 15 March 1950, with PM Jawaharlal Nehru as the chairman. The PC did not derive its creation from either the Constitution or statute but was an arm of the Central/Union Government.

The PC was set up by a Resolution of the Government of India in March 1950. The prime objectives of the Government were to propel a rapid increase in the living standard of Indians by the productive exploitation of the country's resources, raising production and securing opportunities for everyone for employment in the service of the society. PC was assigned the responsibility of assessing all the resources of the country, enhancing scarce resources, drafting plans for the most productive and balanced usage of resources and ascertaining priorities.

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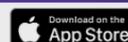
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The first Five-Year Plan was launched in 1951 and subsequent Five-year Plans were formulated till 1965 when a gap occurred due to the war with Pakistan. Two consecutive years of drought, rupee devaluation, a general hike in prices and depletion of resources derailed the planning process and after Annual plans from 1966 to 1969, the 4th Five-year Plan was started in 1969.

The 8th Plan could not be launched in 1990 due to political situations altering and instabilities at the Centre and the years 1990-91 and 1991-92 received the Annual Plans. The 8th Plan was finally kicked off in 1992 after the economic liberalization policies were started by the government. For the first 8 Plans, the focus was on an expanding public sector with massive investments in the heavy and basic industrial sector, but after the launch of the 9th Plan in 1997, the emphasis has shifted from heavy industries and moved on to the thinking that planning should largely be indicative in nature.

**Which one of the following is an extra constitutional Body?**

Niti Aayog

Shah Aayog

Nirman Aayog

Economic Plan Committee

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 46]

**Read the passage and answer the following question:**

In 2014, the Planning Commission was replaced by NITI Aayog, a more robust organisation. It is more like a think-tank that works with states for developing the country. The Planning Commission of India was an organization in the Government of India, which formulated India's 5-Year Plans, among other functions. The Planning Commission was charged with the service of the opportunities to all for employment in the service of the community. The PC was reporting directly to the PM of India. It was established on 15 March 1950, with PM Jawaharlal Nehru as the chairman. The PC did not derive its creation from either the Constitution or statute but was an arm of the Central/Union Government.

The PC was set up by a Resolution of the Government of India in March 1950. The prime objectives of the Government were to propel a rapid increase in the living standard of Indians by the productive exploitation of the country's resources, raising production and securing opportunities for everyone for employment in the service

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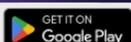
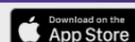
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of the society. PC was assigned the responsibility of assessing all the resources of the country, enhancing scarce resources, drafting plans for the most productive and balanced usage of resources and ascertaining priorities.

The first Five-Year Plan was launched in 1951 and subsequent Five-year Plans were formulated till 1965 when a gap occurred due to the war with Pakistan. Two consecutive years of drought, rupee devaluation, a general hike in prices and depletion of resources derailed the planning process and after Annual plans from 1966 to 1969, the 4th Five-year Plan was started in 1969.

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**The Deputy Chairman of Planning Commission is equivalent to:**

1. Minister of the State
2. Cabinet Minister
3. Vice President
4. Judge of the Supreme Court

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 47]

**Read the passage and answer the following question:**

In 2014, the Planning Commission was replaced by NITI Aayog, a more robust organisation. It is more like a think-tank that works with states for developing the country. The Planning Commission of India was an organization in the Government of India, which formulated India's 5-Year Plans, among other functions. The Planning Commission was charged with the service of the opportunities to all for employment in the service of the community. The PC was reporting directly to the PM of India. It was established on 15 March 1950, with PM Jawaharlal Nehru as the chairman. The PC did not

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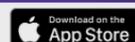
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derive its creation from either the Constitution or statute but was an arm of the Central/Union Government.

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**The Planning Commission was established in the year.**

- 1.1 March 1950
- 2.30 March 1950
- 3.15 March 1950
- 4.10 March 1950

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 48]

**Read the passage and answer the following question:**

In 2014, the Planning Commission was replaced by NITI Aayog, a more robust organisation. It is more like a think-tank that works with states for developing the country. The Planning Commission of India was an

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organization in the Government of India, which formulated India's 5-Year Plans, among other functions. The Planning Commission was charged with the service of the opportunities to all for employment in the service of the community. The PC was reporting directly to the PM of India. It was established on 15 March 1950, with PM Jawaharlal Nehru as the chairman. The PC did not derive its creation from either the Constitution or statute but was an arm of the Central/Union Government.

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**Write the full name of NITI Aayog.**

1. New India tech Institution
2. New Invention for Transforming India
3. National Industries for Technology India
4. National Institution for Transforming India

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 49]

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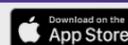
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**Read the passage and answer the following question:**

In 2014, the Planning Commission was replaced by NITI Aayog, a more robust organisation. It is more like a think-tank that works with states for developing the country. The Planning Commission of India was an organization in the Government of India, which formulated India's 5-Year Plans, among other functions. The Planning Commission was charged with the service of the opportunities to all for employment in the service of the community. The PC was reporting directly to the PM of India. It was established on 15 March 1950, with PM Jawaharlal Nehru as the chairman. The PC did not derive its creation from either the Constitution or statute but was an arm of the Central/Union Government.

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**Write the full name of NITI Aayog.**

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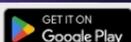
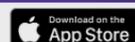
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[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 50]

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66.

Who was the Chairman of Second Backward Classes Commission?

1. B.P. Mandal
2. Kanshi Ram
3. H. D. Deve Gowda
4. V. P Singh

[Shift 23/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 19]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the Chairman of the Second Backward Classes Commission?

1. V.P Singh
2. Kanshi Ram
3. B.P Mandal
4. Indira Gandhi

[Shift 27/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 14]

Who was the Chairperson of the Second Backward Classes Commission?

1. B.P.Mandal
2. VP Singh
3. Indira Sawhney
4. Kanshi Ram

[shift-19-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 36]

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67.

**Match List-I with List-II:**

**List-I (Prime Minister)**

- A. V.P. Singh
- B. Chandra Shekar
- C. H.D. Deve Gowda
- D. Inder Kumar Gujral

**List-II (Year)**

- I. November 1990 - June 1991
- II. April 1997 - March 1998
- III. December 1989 - November 1990
- IV. June 1996 - April 1997

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

- (a) A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II
- (b) A-I, B-II, C-IV, D-III
- (c) A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV
- (d) A-IV, B-I, C-III, D-II

[Shift 23/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 22]

**Similar Questions:**

**Match List-I with List-II**

**List-I**

- (A) H.D. Deve Gowda
- (B) I.K. Gujral
- (C) V.P. Singh
- (D) Manmohan Singh

**List-II**

- (I) May 2004 – May 2014
- (II) June 1996 – April 1997
- (III) April 1997 – March 1998
- (IV) December 1989 – November 1990

- 1.(A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)
- 2.(A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- 3.(A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)
- 4.(A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 48]

Match List-I with List-II

**List-I**

(Prime Minister)

**List-II**

(Tenure)

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**List-I**

- (A) H.D.Deve  
Gowda  
(B) Chandra  
Shekhar  
(C) P.V.  
Narasimha Rao  
(D) Manmohan  
Singh

**List-II**

- (I) June 1991-May 1996  
(II) June 1996-April 1997  
(III) May 2004-May 2014  
(IV) November 1990-  
June 1991

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
2. (A) - (II), (B) - (I), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
3. (A) - (II), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (III)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

[shift-29-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 17]

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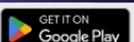
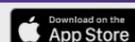
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68.

Arrange the following in their chronological order:

- A. The Tashkent Agreement
- B. The Panchsheel Agreement
- C. The Treaty of peace and friendship with The Soviet Union
- D. The Shimla Agreement

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. D, A, C, B
- 2. C, D, A, B
- 3. A, B, C, D
- 4. B, A, C, D

[Shift 23/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 36]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** Arrange in chronological order:

- A) The Tashkent Agreement
- B) The Panchsheel Agreement
- C) India-USSR Treaty of Peace and Friendship
- D) Shimla Agreement
- E) Indus Water Treaty

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- A) E, B, D, A, C
- B) B, E, A, C, D
- C) D, B, E, A, C
- D) C, A, B, E, D

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 44]

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69.

Which of the following is not a pillar of The ASEAN community?

1. Security
2. Economic
3. Political
4. Socio-Cultural

[Shift 23/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 40]

**Similar Questions:**

Which one of the following pillars is not a part of ASEAN Community?

1. ASEAN Security Community
2. ASEAN Economic Community
3. ASEAN Cultural Community
4. ASEAN Socio-Cultural Community

[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 48]

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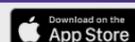
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70.

**Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions.**

Shastri was the country's Prime Minister from 1964 to 1966. During Shastri's brief Prime Ministership, the country faced two major challenges. While India was still recovering from the economic implications of the war with china, failed monsoons, drought and serious food crises presented a grave challenge. As discussed in the previous chapter, the country also faced a war with Pakistan in 1965. Shastri's famous slogan 'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan', symbolised the country's resolve to face both these challenges. Shastri's Prime Ministership came to an abrupt end on 10 January 1966, when he suddenly expired in Tashkent.

[Shift 23/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 41]

**Similar Questions:**

**Read the passage carefully and answer the following question:**

The ease with which the succession after Nehru took place proved all the critics wrong. When Nehru passed away, K Kamraj, the president of the Congress party consulted party leaders and Congress members of Parliament and found that there was a consensus in favour of Lal Bahadur Shastri. He was unanimously chosen as the leader of the Congress parliamentary party and thus became the country's next Prime Minister. Shastri was a non-controversial leader from Uttar Pradesh who had been a Minister in Nehru's cabinet for many years. Nehru had come to depend a lot on him in his last year. He was known for his simplicity and his commitment to principles. Earlier he had resigned from the position of Railway Minister accepting moral responsibility for a major railway accident.

Shastri was the country's Prime Minister from 1964 to 1966. During Shastri's brief Prime Ministership, the country faced two major challenges. While India was still recovering from the economic implications of the war with China, failed monsoons, drought and serious food crisis presented a grave challenge. The country also faced a war with Pakistan in 1965. Shastri's famous slogan 'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan', symbolised the country's

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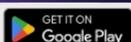
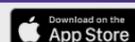
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resolve to face both these challenges.

Shastri Prime Ministership came to an abrupt end on 10 January 1966, when he suddenly expired in Tashkent, then in USSR and currently the capital of Uzbekistan. He was there to discuss and sign an agreement with Muhammad Ayub Khan, the then President of Pakistan, to end the war.

Who was the Prime Minister of India during 1964 to 1966?

1. Jawahar Lal Nehru
2. Indira Gandhi
3. Morar Ji Desai
4. Lal Bahadur Shastri

[Shift 16/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 47]

**Read the passage carefully and answer the following question:**

The ease with which the succession after Nehru took place proved all the critics wrong. When Nehru passed away, K Kamraj, the president of the Congress party consulted party leaders and Congress members of Parliament and found that there was a consensus in favour of Lal Bahadur Shastri. He was unanimously chosen as the leader of the Congress parliamentary party and thus became the country's next Prime Minister. Shastri was a non-controversial leader from Uttar Pradesh who had been a Minister in Nehru's cabinet for many years. Nehru had come to depend a lot on him in his last year. He was known for his simplicity and his commitment to principles. Earlier he had resigned from the position of Railway Minister accepting moral responsibility for a major railway accident. Shastri was the country's Prime Minister from 1964 to 1966. During Shastri's brief Prime Ministership, the country faced two major challenges. While India was still recovering from the economic implications of the war with China, failed monsoons, drought and serious food crisis presented a grave challenge. The country also faced a war with Pakistan in 1965. Shastri's famous slogan 'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan', symbolised the country's resolve to face both these challenges.

Shastri Prime Ministership came to an abrupt end on 10 January 1966, when he suddenly expired in Tashkent, then in USSR and currently the capital of Uzbekistan. He was there to discuss and sign an agreement with Muhammad Ayub Khan, the then President of Pakistan,

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to end the war.

Which slogan was coined by Lal Bahadur Shastri ?

1. Jai Bharat Unnat Bharat
2. Jai Jawan Jai Kisan
3. Jai Hind Ki Sena
4. Garibi Hatao

[Shift 16/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 48]

**Read the passage carefully and answer the following question:**

The ease with which the succession after Nehru took place proved all the critics wrong. When Nehru passed away, K Kamraj, the president of the Congress party consulted party leaders and Congress members of Parliament and found that there was a consensus in favour of Lal Bahadur Shastri. He was unanimously chosen as the leader of the Congress parliamentary party and thus became the country's next Prime Minister. Shastri was a non-controversial leader from Uttar Pradesh who had been a Minister in Nehru's cabinet for many years. Nehru had come to depend a lot on him in his last year. He was known for his simplicity and his commitment to principles. Earlier he had resigned from the position of Railway Minister accepting moral responsibility for a major railway accident. Shastri was the country's Prime Minister from 1964 to 1966. During Shastri's brief Prime Ministership, the country faced two major challenges. While India was still recovering from the economic implications of the war with China, failed monsoons, drought and serious food crisis presented a grave challenge. The country also faced a war with Pakistan in 1965. Shastri's famous slogan 'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan', symbolised the country's resolve to face both these challenges.

Shastri Prime Ministership came to an abrupt end on 10 January 1966, when he suddenly expired in Tashkent, then in USSR and currently the capital of Uzbekistan. He was there to discuss and sign an agreement with Muhammad Ayub Khan, the then President of Pakistan, to end the war.

During the Prime Ministership of Lal Bahadur Shastri India faced a war with \_\_\_\_\_

1. Pakistan
2. China
3. Bhutan

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#### 4. Sri Lanka

[Shift 16/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 49]

**Read the passage carefully and answer the following question:**

The ease with which the succession after Nehru took place proved all the critics wrong. When Nehru passed away, K Kamraj, the president of the Congress party consulted party leaders and Congress members of Parliament and found that there was a consensus in favour of Lal Bahadur Shastri. He was unanimously chosen as the leader of the Congress parliamentary party and thus became the country's next Prime Minister. Shastri was a non-controversial leader from Uttar Pradesh who had been a Minister in Nehru's cabinet for many years. Nehru had come to depend a lot on him in his last year. He was known for his simplicity and his commitment to principles. Earlier he had resigned from the position of Railway Minister accepting moral responsibility for a major railway accident.

Shastri was the country's Prime Minister from 1964 to 1966. During Shastri's brief Prime Ministership, the country faced two major challenges. While India was still recovering from the economic implications of the war with China, failed monsoons, drought and serious food crisis presented a grave challenge. The country also faced a war with Pakistan in 1965. Shastri's famous slogan 'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan', symbolised the country's resolve to face both these challenges.

Shastri Prime Ministership came to an abrupt end on 10 January 1966, when he suddenly expired in Tashkent, then in USSR and currently the capital of Uzbekistan. He was there to discuss and sign an agreement with Muhammad Ayub Khan, the then President of Pakistan, to end the war.

Lal Bahadur Shastri's Prime Ministership came to an abrupt end on which date?

1. 10 January 1966
2. 10 February 1966
3. 10 January 1964
4. 10 February 1964

[Shift 16/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 50]

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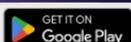
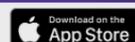
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71.

In which year the Monarchy was abolished and democracy established in Nepal ?

- (1) 2006
- (2) 2001
- (3) 2008
- (4) 2009

[Shift 28/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 18]

**Similar Questions:**

Which year monarchy was abolished and a democratic republic established in Nepal ?

- (1) 1999
- (2) 2006
- (3) 2008
- (4) 2010

[Shift 09/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 22]

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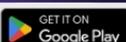
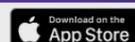
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72.

Which commission was appointed to inquire into the allegations of abuse of authority during the time of emergency in 1975 ?

- (1) Sarkaria Commission
- (2) Shah Commission
- (3) Mehta Commission
- (4) Planning Commission

[Shift 28/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 33]

**Similar Questions:**

Which Commission was appointed by the Janata Party Government to inquire into allegations of abuse of authority that happened during the Emergency (25 Jun-1975).

- (1) Shah Commission
- (2) Mandal Commission
- (3) Ashok Mehta Commission
- (4) J.P. Narayan Commission

[Shift 30/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 37]

Which commission of inquiry was appointed by the Janata Party government to inquire into several aspects of allegations of abuse of authority during the Emergency?

1. Shah Commission
2. Sarkaria Commission
3. Kamraj Commission
4. Sinha Commission

[shift-15-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 22]

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73.

Which Constitutional Amendment act was passed during the Emergency of 1975 ?

- (1) 42nd Constitutional Amendment Act
- (2) 44th Constitutional Amendment Act
- (3) 61st Constitutional Amendment Act
- (4) 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act

[Shift 28/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 39]

**Similar Questions:**

The Constitutional Amendment passed during emergency.

1. 44th Amendment
2. 52nd Amendment
3. 42nd Amendment
4. 61st Amendment

[Shift 10/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 6]

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74.

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow :**

Just before Independence, it was announced by the British that with the end of their rule over India, the paramountcy of the British crown over the Princely States would also lapse this meant that all these states, as many as 565 in all, would become legally independent. The British government took the view that all these states were free to join either India or Pakistan or remain independence if they so wished. This decision was left not to the people but to the princely rulers of these states. This was a very serious problem and could threaten the very existence of a united India. The problems started very soon. First of all, the ruler of Travancore announced that the state has decided on Independence. The Nizam of Hyderabad made a similar announcement the next day. Rulers like the Nawab of Bhopal were averse to joining the Constituent Assembly.

How many princely states were there in India at the time of independence?

- (1) 336
- (2) 436
- (3) 565
- (4) 665

[Shift 28/05/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 41]

**Similar Questions:**

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow:**

Just before Independence, it was announced by the British that with the end of their rule over India, the paramountcy of the British crown over the Princely States would also lapse. This meant that all these states, as many as 565 in all, would become legally independent. The British government took the view that all these states were free to join either India or Pakistan or remain independent if they so wished. This decision was left not to the people but to the princely rulers of these states. This was a very serious problem and could threaten the very existence of a united India. The problems started very soon. First of all, the ruler of

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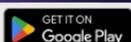
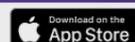
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Travancore announced that the state had decided on Independence. The Nizam of Hyderabad made a similar announcement the next day. Rulers like the Nawab of Bhopal were averse to joining the Constituent Assembly.

How many princely states were there in India at the time of independence?

- (1) 336
- (2) 436
- (3) 565
- (4) 665

[Shift 05/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 41]

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow:**

Just before Independence, it was announced by the British that with the end of their rule over India, the paramountcy of the British crown over the Princely States would also lapse. This meant that all these states, as many as 565 in all, would become legally independent. The British government took the view that all these states were free to join either India or Pakistan or remain independent if they so wished. This decision was left not to the people but to the princely rulers of these states. This was a very serious problem and could threaten the very existence of a united India. The problems started very soon. First of all, the ruler of Travancore announced that the state had decided on Independence. The Nizam of Hyderabad made a similar announcement the next day. Rulers like the Nawab of Bhopal were averse to joining the Constituent Assembly.

The ruler of Hyderabad was popularly referred to as

- (1) Nizam
- (2) Maharaja
- (3) Tipu
- (4) Iron Man

[Shift 05/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 42]

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow:**

Just before Independence, it was announced by the British that with the end of their rule over India, the paramountcy of the British crown over the Princely States would also lapse. This meant that all these states, as many as 565 in all, would become legally independent. The British government took the view that all these states were free to join either India or Pakistan or remain independent if they so wished. This decision

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was left not to the people but to the princely rulers of these states. This was a very serious problem and could threaten the very existence of a united India. The problems started very soon. First of all, the ruler of Travancore announced that the state had decided on Independence. The Nizam of Hyderabad made a similar announcement the next day. Rulers like the Nawab of Bhopal were averse to joining the Constituent Assembly.

What were not the choices given to the princely states by the British?

- (1) Free to join Pakistan
- (2) Free to join India
- (3) Free to remain independent
- (4) All of the above

[Shift 05/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 43]

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow :**

Just before Independence, it was announced by the British that with the end of their rule over India, the paramountcy of the British crown over the Princely States would also lapse. This meant that all these states, as many as 565 in all, would become legally independent. The British government took the view that all these states were free to join either India or Pakistan or remain independent if they so wished. This decision was left not to the people but to the princely rulers of these states. This was a very serious problem and could threaten the very existence of a united India. The problems started very soon. First of all, the ruler of Travancore announced that the state had decided on Independence. The Nizam of Hyderabad made a similar announcement the next day. Rulers like the Nawab of Bhopal were averse to joining the Constituent Assembly.

\_\_\_\_\_ was the largest princely state of India.

- (1) Manipur
- (2) Kashmir
- (3) Hyderabad
- (4) Junagarh

[Shift 05/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 44]

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow :**

Just before Independence, it was announced by the British that with the end of their rule over India, the paramountcy of the British crown over the Princely States would also lapse. This meant that all these

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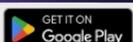
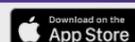
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states, as many as 565 in all, would become legally independent. The British government took the view that all these states were free to join either India or Pakistan or remain independent if they so wished. This decision was left not to the people but to the princely rulers of these states. This was a very serious problem and could threaten the very existence of a united India. The problems started very soon. First of all, the ruler of Travancore announced that the state had decided on Independence. The Nizam of Hyderabad made a similar announcement the next day. Rulers like the Nawab of Bhopal were averse to joining the Constituent Assembly.

Rulers of which state were adverse to joining the Constituent Assembly?

- (1) Travancore
- (2) Hyderabad
- (3) Bhopal
- (4) Manipur

[Shift 05/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 45]

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow :**

Just before Independence, it was announced by the British that with the end of their rule over India, the paramountcy of the British crown over the Princely States would also lapse. This meant that all these states, as many as 565 in all, would become legally independent. The British government took the view that all these states were free to join either India or Pakistan or remain independent if they so wished. This decision was left not to the people but to the princely rulers of these states. This was a very serious problem and could threaten the very existence of a united India. The problems started very soon. First of all, the ruler of Travancore announced that the state had decided on Independence. The Nizam of Hyderabad made a similar announcement the next day. Rulers like the Nawab of Bhopal were averse to joining the Constituent Assembly

Which ruler were averse to joining the constituent Assembly?

- (1) Nizam of Hyderabad
- (2) Nawab of Bhopal
- (3) Maharata of Manipur
- (4) King of Nepal

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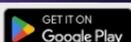
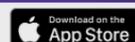
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[Shift 30/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 41]

Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow:

Just before Independence, it was announced by the British that with the end of their rule over India, the paramountcy of the British crown over the Princely States would also lapse. This meant that all these states, as many as 565 in all, would become legally independent. The British government took the view that all these states were free to join either India or Pakistan or remain independent if they so wished. This decision was left not to the people but to the princely rulers of these states. This was a very serious problem and could threaten the very existence of a united India. The problems started very soon. First of all, the ruler of Travancore announced that the state had decided on Independence. The Nizam of Hyderabad made a similar announcement the next day. Rulers like the Nawab of Bhopal were averse to joining the Constituent Assembly

- was the largest princely state of India.

- (1) Manipur
- (2) Kashmir
- (3) Hyderabad
- (4) Junagarh

[Shift 30/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 42]

Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow :

Just before Independence, it was announced by the British that with the end of their rule over India, the paramountcy of the British crown over the Princely States would also lapse. This meant that all these states, as many as 565 in all, would become legally independent. The British government took the view that all these states were free to join either India or Pakistan or remain independent if they so wished. This decision was left not to the people but to the princely rulers of these states. This was a very serious problem and could threaten the very existence of a united India. The problems started very soon. First of all, the ruler of Travancore announced that the state had decided on Independence. The Nizam of Hyderabad made a similar

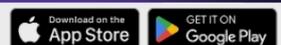
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announcement the next day. Rulers like the Nawab of Bhopal were averse to joining the Constituent Assembly

How many princely states were there in India at the time of independence?

- (1) 336
- (2) 436
- (3) 565
- (4) 665

[Shift 30/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 43]

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow :**

Just before Independence, it was announced by the British that with the end of their rule over India, the paramountcy of the British crown over the Princely States would also lapse. This meant that all these states, as many as 565 in all, would become legally independent. The British government took the view that all these states were free to join either India or Pakistan or remain independent if they so wished. This decision was left not to the people but to the princely rulers of these states. This was a very serious problem and could threaten the very existence of a united India. The problems started very soon. First of all, the ruler of Travancore announced that the state had decided on Independence. The Nizam of Hyderabad made a similar announcement the next day. Rulers like the Nawab of Bhopal were averse to joining the Constituent Assembly

The ruler of Hyderabad was popularly referred to as \_\_\_\_\_

- (1) Nizam
- (2) Maharaja
- (3) Tipu
- (4) Iron Man

[Shift 30/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 44]

**Read the following passage carefully and answer the question that follow:**

Just before Independence, it was announced by the British that with the end of their rule over India, the

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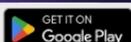
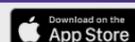
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paramountcy of the British crown over the Princely States would also lapse. This meant that all these states, as many as 565 in all, would become legally independent. The British government took the view that all these states were free to join either India or Pakistan or remain independent if they so wished. This decision was left not to the people but to the princely rulers of these states. This was a very serious problem and could threaten the very existence of a united India. The problems started very soon. First of all, the ruler of Travancore announced that the state had decided on Independence. The Nizam of Hyderabad made a similar announcement the next day. Rulers like the Nawab of Bhopal were averse to joining the Constituent Assembly

What were not the choices given to the princely states by the British ?

- (1) Free to join Pakistan
- (2) Free to join India
- (3) Free to remain independent
- (4) All of the above

[Shift 30/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 45]

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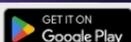
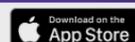
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75.

The Treaty of Peace and Friendship' was signed in August, 1971 between :

- (1) India - China
- (2) India - USA
- (3) India - Soviet Union
- (4) India Pakistan -

[Shift 05/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 3]

**Similar Questions:**

India signed the Treaty of Peace and Friendship with the Soviet Union in August 1971 to counter which of the following:

1. US-Pakistan axis
2. US-Pakistan-China axis
3. China
4. Pakistan-China axis

[Shift 14/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 32]

With which country India signed a 20 year Treaty of Peace and Friendship in 1971?

1. China
2. Pakistan
3. Soviet Union
4. Bangladesh

[shift-13-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 22]

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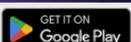
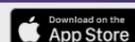
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76.

On which date did, the USA launched its invasion of Iraq under the codename 'Operation Iraqi Freedom'.

- (1) 1 May 1990
- (2) 15 August 2000
- (3) 10 June 2010
- (4) 19 March 2003

[Shift 05/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 16]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year, the USA launched its invasion of Iraq under the codename 'Operation Iraqi Freedom.'

1. March 2003
2. March 2002
3. April 2003
4. March 2000

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 23]

On which date, the US launched its invasion of Iraq under the codename 'Operation Iraqi Freedom.

- (1) 16th March 2003
- (2) 18th March 2003
- (3) 19th March 2003
- (4) 20th March 2003

[Shift 17/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 6]

On which date the US launched its invasion of Iraq under the codename 'Operation Iraq Freedom'.

1. 29 April 2003
2. 29 March 2003
3. 19 March 2003
4. 29 May 2003

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 19]

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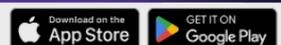
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77.

'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan' as a famous slogan was given by:

- (1) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru
- (2) Lal Bahadur Shastri
- (3) M.K. Gandhi
- (4) Indira Gandhi

[Shift 05/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 21]

**Similar Questions:**

Who coined the famous slogan 'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan'?

1. Lal Bahadur Sashtri
2. Jawaharlal Nehru
3. Khan Abdul Gaffar
4. Mahatma Gandhi

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 5]

Who coined the famous slogan 'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan'?

- (1) Jawahar Lal Nehru
- (2) Lal Krishan Advani
- (3) Lal Bahadur Shastri
- (4) Mahatma Gandhi

[Shift 09/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 1]

Which of the following leaders gave the famous slogan 'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan'?

1. Indira Gandhi
2. Morarji Desai
3. Lal Bahadur Shastri
4. Guljari Lal Nanda

[shift-16-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 20]

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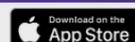
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78.

Which among the following is not a non traditional source of threat to the world security ?

- (1) Health epidemics
- (2) Terrorism
- (3) Military threats
- (4) Global poverty

[Shift 05/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 30]

**Similar Questions:**

Which one of the following is not a new source of Threat?

1. Terrorism
2. Military Threats
3. Global Poverty
4. Health Epidemics

[Shift 12/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 28]

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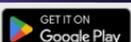
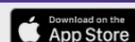
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79.

**List – I (UN Secretaries-General)**

- (A) Kurt Waldheim
- (B) Dag Hammarskjöld
- (C) Trygve Lie
- (D) Boutros Boutros-Ghali

**List – II (Year/Tenure)**

- (I) 1946 – 1952
- (II) 1992 – 1996
- (III) 1972 – 1981
- (IV) 1953 – 1961

Options:

- (1) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (2) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)
- (3) (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)

[Shift 05/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 32]

**Similar Questions:**

**Match the List I with List II**

List-I (UN Secretary General)  
Term (Period of Office)

List-II

- |                      |                 |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| (a) Trygve Lie       | (i) 1972-1981   |
| (b) Dag Hammarskjöld | (ii) 1961-1971  |
| (c) U Thant          | (iii) 1953-1961 |
| (c) Kurt Waldheim    | (iv) 1946-1952  |

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

- (1) (a) - (i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iii), (d) - (iv)
- (2) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (iv), (d) - (i)
- (3) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), (d) - (i)
- 4) (a) - (iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (iii), (d) - (ii)

[PoI Science PYQ 19th July Slot 2, Qno: 7]

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80.

In which year was the Energy Conservation Act passed in India?

- (1) 2000
- (2) 2001
- (3) 2002
- (4) 2004

[Shift 05/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 36]

**Similar Questions:**

**Q.33 The Energy Conservation Act was passed in which year?**

- 1.1999
- 2.2000
- 3.2001
- 4.2002

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 33]

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81.

How many states signed the United Nations charter in 1945?

- (1) 50
- (2) 51
- (3) 45
- (4) 55

[Shift 30/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 4]

**Similar Questions:**

How many states signed the Charter for the formation of the United Nations?

- 1. 49
- 2. 51
- 3. 53
- 4. 54

[shift-28-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 50]

How many original founding members had signed the United Nations Charter as on 15 October 1945?

- 1. 51
- 2. 52
- 3. 53
- 4. 54

[shift-26-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 15]

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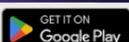
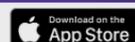
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82.

The Tashkent Agreement was signed between :

- (1) Indira Gandhi and Ayub Khan
- (2) Lal Bahadur Shastri and Ayub Khan
- (3) Lal Bahadur Shastri and Z.A. Bhutto
- (4) Indira Gandhi and Z.A. Bhutto

[Shift 30/05/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 13]

**Similar Questions:**

The Tashkent Agreement was signed between

- (1) Lal Bahadur Shastri and Ayub Khan
- (2) Lal Bahadur Shastri and Sheikh Mujib-ur-Rahman
- (3) Lal Bahadur Shastri and Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
- (4) Lal Bahadur Shastri and Zia-ul-Haq

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 17]

**The Tashkent Agreement was signed between**

- (1) Indira Gandhi and Zulfikar Ali Bhutto
- (2) Lal Bahadur Shastri and General Ayub Khan
- (3) Jawaharlal Nehru and General Ayub Khan
- (4) Indira Gandhi and General Yahya Khan

[Pol Science PYQ 16th July Slot 2, Qno: 23]

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83.

Which one of the following statements related to the Iraq invasion by the US is incorrect?

1. More than 40 other countries were involved in this invasion.
2. The UN had given consent to invade Iraq.
3. The invasion was to prevent Iraq from developing weapons of mass destruction.
4. The US lost over 3000 military personnel in this war.

[Shift 16/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 12]

**Similar Questions:**

Which one of the following statement related to Iraq invasion by US is incorrect?

- (1) The US lost over 3000 military personnel in the war
- (2) The UN had given consent to invade Iraq
- (3) More than forty other countries joined the US led 'coalition of willing'
- (4) The invasion was to prevent Iraq from developing weapons of mass destruction

[Shift 23/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 17]

Which one of the following statements related to the USA invasion of Iraq is incorrect?

1. More than forty other countries were involved in this invasion
2. The UN had given the consent to invade Iraq
3. The Purpose of invasion was to prevent Iraq from developing weapons of mass destruction
4. The US lost over 3000 military personnel in this war

[Shift 12/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 35]

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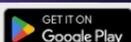
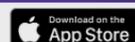
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84.

The first WSF (World Social forum) meeting was organised in which year?

1. 2001
2. 2002
3. 2003
4. 2004

[Shift 16/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 18]

**Similar Questions:**

The first meeting of WSF (World Social Forum) was organised in Port-Alegre, Brazil in

- (1) 1999
- (2) 2000
- (3) 2001
- (4) 2002

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 12]

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85.

The idea of planning in India was drawn from:

1. The Bombay Plan
2. Gandhian Vision of Society
3. Experiences of the Soviet bloc countries
4. Demand by peasant organisation

[Shift 16/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 34]

**Similar Questions:**

The idea of Planning in India was drawn from:-

- A. The Bombay Plan
- B. Experiences of the Soviet bloc countries
- C. Gandhian vision of Society
- D. Demand by Peasant Organisation
- E. Self Sufficiency

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. B and D only
2. D and Conly
3. A and B only
4. A only

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 12]

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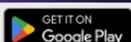
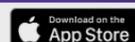
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86.

Full form of NATO:

1. North Asian Treaty Organisation.
2. North Atlantic Treaty Organisation.
3. New Asian Treaty Organisation.
4. Non Aligned Treaty Organisation.

[Shift 16/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 38]

**Similar Questions:**

What is the full form of 'NATO' ?

- (1) North Asian Trade Organisation
- (2) North Atlantic Treaty Organisation
- (3) North Atlantic Trade Organisation
- (4) North Asian Treaty Organisation

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 14]

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87.

Arrange the following organisations in a chronological order with the dates of their formation.

- A. Formation of European Council.
- B. Establishment of European Union.
- C. Establishment of European Community.
- D. Formation of the European Union Cooperation Organisation.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. (C), (D), (B), (A)
- 2. (D), (A), (C), (B)
- 3. (B), (D), (C), (A)
- 4. (A), (B), (C), (D)

[Shift 16/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 39]

**Similar Questions:**

Arrange the following in chronological order:

- A. Formation Council of the Europe
- B. Establishment of European Union
- C. Establishment of European Economic Community
- D. Formation of the Organisation of European Economic Cooperation (OEEC)

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. C, D, B, A
- 2. D, A, C, B
- 3. B, D, C, A
- 4. D, A, B, C

[Shift 14/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 42]

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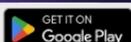
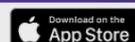
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88.

**Read the passage carefully and answer the following question:**

The ease with which the succession after Nehru took place proved all the critics wrong. When Nehru passed away, K Kamraj, the president of the Congress party consulted party leaders and Congress members of Parliament and found that there was a consensus in favour of Lal Bahadur Shastri. He was unanimously chosen as the leader of the Congress parliamentary party and thus became the country's next Prime Minister.

Shastri was a non-controversial leader from Uttar Pradesh who had been a Minister in Nehru's cabinet for many years. Nehru had come to depend a lot on him in his last year. He was known for his simplicity and his commitment to principles. Earlier he had resigned from the position of Railway Minister accepting moral responsibility for a major railway accident.

Shastri was the country's Prime Minister from 1964 to 1966. During Shastri's brief Prime Ministership, the country faced two major challenges. While India was still recovering from the economic implications of the war with China, failed monsoons, drought and serious food crisis presented a grave challenge. The country also faced a war with Pakistan in 1965. Shastri's famous slogan 'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan', symbolised the country's resolve to face both these challenges.

Shastri Prime Ministership came to an abrupt end on 10 January 1966, when he suddenly expired in Tashkent, then in USSR and currently the capital of Uzbekistan. He was there to discuss and sign an agreement with Muhammad Ayub Khan, the then President of Pakistan, to end the war.

Name the leader who had resigned from the position of Railway Minister accepting moral responsibility for a major Railway Accident?

1. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan

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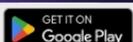
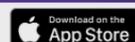
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2. K. Kamraj
3. Lal Bahadur Shastri
4. Morarji Desai

[Shift 16/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 46]

**Similar Questions:**

Read the paragraph given below and answer the following questions.

Shastri was the country's Prime Minister from 1964-1966. During Shastri's brief Prime Ministership, the country faced two major challenges. While India was still recovering from the economic implications of the war with China, failed monsoons, drought and serious food crisis presented a grave challenge. The country also faced a war with Pakistan in 1965. Shastri's famous slogan 'Jai Jawan Jai Kisan', symbolised the country's resolve to face both these challenges.

Shastri's Prime Ministership came to an abrupt end on 10 January 1966, when he suddenly expired in Tashkent, then in USSR and currently the capital of Uzbekistan. He was there to discuss and sign an agreement with Muhammad Ayub Khan, the then President of Pakistan, to end the war.

Name the leader who had resigned from the position of Railway Minister accepting moral responsibility for a major railway accident.

1. K. Kamraj
2. Morarji Desai
3. Jawahar Lal Nehru
4. Lal Bahadur Shastri

[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 45]

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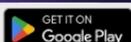
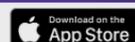
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89.

Who was the founder President of Bharatiya Jana Sangh?

1. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee
2. Deen Dayal Upadhyay
3. Balraj Madhok
4. Atal Behari Vajpayee

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 15]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the founder president of Bharatiya Jana Sangh?

1. Minoo Masani
2. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee
3. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya
4. A.K. Gopalan

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 18]

**Who was the founder president of the Bharatiya Jana Sangh?**

1. A.K. Gopalan
2. Shyama Prasad Mukherjee
3. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai
4. Deen Dayal Upadhyaya

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 4]

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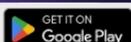
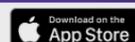
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90.

Arrange the following chronological order.

- A. The Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty-I (START- I)
- B. The Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT)
- C. The Anti Ballistic Missile Treaty
- D. Chemical Weapons Convention
- E. The Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty II (START-II)

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. C, A, B, D, E
- 2. B, C, A, D, E
- 3. A, B, E, C, D
- 4. D, A, B, C, E

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 16]

**Similar Questions:**

Arrange the following events in the chronological sequence of occurrence—

- (A) Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty
- (B) The Antarctic Treaty
- (C) Chemical Weapons Convention
- (D) Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty

Choose the **correct** answer from the following options given below:

- 1. (A), (B), (C), (D)
- 2. (B), (D), (A), (C)
- 3. (A), (B), (D), (C)
- 4. (D), (B), (A), (C)

[shift-28-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 26]

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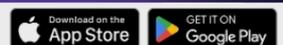
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91.

In which year Goa became a state of the Indian Union?

1. 1987
2. 1989
3. 1990
4. 1947

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 17]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year Goa became a state of the Indian Union?

- (1) 1985
- (2) 1986
- (3) 1987
- (4) 1988

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 40]

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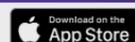
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92.

In which year did the Right to Information Bill (RTI) received presidential assent in India?

1. 2002
2. 2003
3. 2005
4. 2006

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 18]

**Similar Questions:**

RTI bill received presidential assent in which year ?

- (1) June 2004
- (2) June 2005
- (3) June 2006
- (4) June 2007

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 25]

In which year the RTI (Right to Information) bill received presidential assent?

1. June 2004
2. June 2005
3. July 2004
4. July 2005

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 28]

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93.

Which country is a part of India's Act East Policy that wants to link up with southeast Asia via Myanmar?

1. Nepal
2. Bangladesh
3. Sri Lanka
4. Bhutan

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 27]

**Similar Questions:**

The South Asian country that is part of India's Act East policy is:

1. Sri Lanka
2. Nepal
3. Bangladesh
4. Bhutan

[Shift 31/05/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 37]

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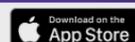
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94.

Which one of the following is not a component of traditional security policy?

1. Deterrence
2. Balance of Power
3. Alliance Building
4. Human Security

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 28]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following is not a part of traditional security policy?

- (1) Deterance
- (2) Balance of Power
- (3) Defence
- (4) Human Security

[Shift 09/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 4]

Which one of the following is not a component of Traditional Security Policy?

1. Balance of Power
2. Deterrence
3. Alliance Building
4. Human Security

[Shift 12/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 4]

Which of the following is not a component of the traditional notion of security?

1. Deterrence
2. Defence
3. Balance of Power
4. Human Rights

[shift-30-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 30]

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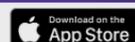
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95.

In which year, the Janta Party government appointed a commission of inquiry. to inquire into a several aspects of allegations of abuse of authority?

1. May 1975
2. May 1976
3. May 1977
4. May 1978

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 31]

**Similar Questions:**

In May 1977, The Janta Party government appointed which commission, to inquire into several aspects of allegation of abuse of authority.

1. Sheng Commission
2. Shai Commission
3. Shah Commission
4. J.P Commission

[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 2]

In which year, the Janata Party government appointed a Commission of Inquiry headed by J.C. Shah to inquire into several aspects of allegations of abuse of authority?

1. May 1979
2. May 1978
3. May 1977
4. May 1975

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 29]

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96.

When was the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) established?

1. 1954
2. 1955
3. 1956
4. 1957

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 32]

**Similar Questions:**

**The International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) was established in:**

1. 1951
2. 1953
3. 1955
4. 1957

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 9]

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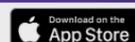
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97.

Identify the leader of the Soviet Union who introduced economic and political reform policies of Perestroika and Glasnost.

1. Boris Yeltsin
2. Mikhail Gorbachev
3. Nikita Khrushchev
4. Joseph Stalin

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 34]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the last leader of the Soviet Union who introduced economic and political reform policies of Perestroika and Glasnost?

- (1) Boris Yeltsin
- (2) Mikhail Gorbachev
- (3) Leonid Brezhnev
- (4) Nikita Khrushchev

[Shift 09/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 25]

A leader of the Soviet Union from 1985-91 who introduced policies of Perestroika (economic and political reform) and Glasnost (openness), and also stopped the arms race with the United States. Identify him from the following.

1. Boris Yeltsin
2. Mikhail Gorbachev
3. Nikita Khrushchev
4. Leonid Brezhnev

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 2]

Who was the last leader of the erstwhile Soviet Union?

1. Boris Yeltsin
2. Nikita Khrushchev
3. Mikhail Gorbachev
4. Joseph Stalin

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 26]

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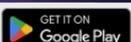
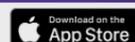
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98.

LIST I

- A. Landenga
- B. Angami Zapu Phizo
- C. AGP
- D. Kazi Lhendup Dorji

LIST II

- I. Nagaland
- II. Sikkim
- III. Mizoram
- IV. Assam

- 1. A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
- 2. A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV
- 3. A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II
- 4. A-IV, B-II, C-I, D-III

[Shift 06/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 38]

**Similar Questions:**

Match List-I with List-II

**List-I**

- (A) Laldenga
- (B) Angami Zapu Phizo
- (C) AASU
- (D) Kazi Lhendup Dorji  
Khangsarpa

**List-II**

- (I) Sikkim
- (II) Mizoram
- (III) Nagaland
- (IV) Assam

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

- 1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
- 2. (A) - (II), (B) - (III), (C) - (IV), (D) - (I)
- 3. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
- 4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

[shift-15-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 13]

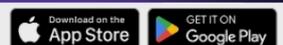
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99.

The term 'Bahujan' refers to:

- (1) ST and SC
- (2) SC, OBC and ST
- (3) SC, ST, OBC and minorities
- (4) OBC and minorities

[Shift 23/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 9]

**Similar Questions:**

**The term 'Bahujan' includes:**

- (1) The SC only
- (2) The ST only
- (3) The OBC only
- (4) The SC, ST, OBC and minorities

[Pol Science PYQ 16th July Slot 2, Qno: 44]

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100.

The Government of India and Bangladesh had differences over sharing of river water of:

- (1) Yamuna and Brahmaputra
- (2) Ganga and Brahmaputra
- (3) Ganga and Tungabhadra
- (4) Ganga and Yamuna

[Shift 23/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 30]

**Similar Questions:**

India and Bangladesh had differences over sharing of water of which river?

1. Indus Basin and Cauvery
2. Ganga and Brahmaputra
3. Chambal and Ganga
4. Yamuna and Brahmaputra

[Shift 12/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 3]

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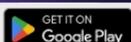
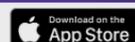
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101.

Dalit Panthers, a militant organisation of Dalit youth was formed in which State?

- (1) Gujarat
- (2) Madhya Pradesh
- (3) Maharashtra
- (4) Andhra Pradesh

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 10]

**Similar Questions:**

Dalit Panthers, a militant organisation of the Dalit youth was formed in which state

1. Gujarat
2. Andhra Pradesh
3. Maharashtra
4. Bihar

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 22]

Dalit Panthers, a militant organisation of Dalit Youth, was formed in which state in 1972

1. Kerala
2. Maharashtra
3. Bihar
4. West Bengal

[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 22]

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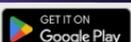
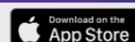
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102.

Identify the country where the struggle among pro-monarchy, pro monarchy groups and extremist created an atmosphere of political instability.

- (1) Sri Lanka
- (2) Nepal
- (3) Bhutan
- (4) Maldive

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 11]

**Similar Questions:**

Identify the country where the struggle among pro-monarchy pro democracy groups and extremist created an atmosphere of political instability.

1. Nepal
2. Bhutan
3. Maldives
4. Bangladesh

[Shift 12/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 27]

Identify the country where the struggle among pro-monarchy and pro-democracy groups and extrimists created an atmosphere of political instability?

1. Bhutan
2. Nepal
3. Pakistan
4. Bangladesh

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 17]

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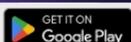
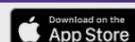
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103.

Who was the Minister for health in independent India's first ministry?

- (1) Rajkumari Amrit Kaur
- (2) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
- (3) Govind Ballabh Pant
- (4) Dr. B.C. Roy

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 12]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the minister for health in independent India's first ministry?

1. Maulana Abul Kalam
2. A. K. Gopalan
3. Rajkumari Amrit Kaur
4. Dr B. C. Roy

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 13]

Who was the first Minister of Health in independent India's first Ministry?

1. Rajkumari Amrit Kaur
2. Maulana Abdul Kalam
3. Acharya Narendra Dev
4. A.K. Gopalan

[shift-29-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 21]

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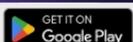
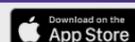
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104.

In which year entire country (India) had shifted to the Electronic Voting machine for election purpose?

- (1) 2002
- (2) 2003
- (3) 2004
- (4) 2005

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 13]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year the entire Country (India) shifted to the Electronic voting Machine?

- (1) 1990
- (2) 1995
- (3) 2000
- (4) 2004

[Shift 09/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 13]

105.

Who was the author of 'Economy of Permanence'?

- (1) J.C. Kumarappa
- (2) P.C. Mahalanobis
- (3) K. Kamraj
- (4) Kailash Nath Katzu

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 19]

**Similar Questions:**

Who is the author of 'Economy of Permanence'?

- 1. P.C Mahalanobis
- 2. J.C. Kumarappa
- 3. C. Rajapalachari
- 4. A.K Gopalan

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 34]

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106.

Who was the founder and leader of the Mizo National Front?

- (1) Kazi Dorji
- (2) Laldenga
- (3) Angami Zapu Phizo
- (4) Lhendup Phizo

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 28]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the founder of the 'Mizo National Front'?

- (1) Angami Zapu Phizo
- (2) Kazi Lhendup Dorji
- (3) Laldenga
- (4) E.V. Ramasami

[Shift 05/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 2]

Who was the founder and leader of the Mizo National Front, turned into a rebel after the experience of the famine in 1959?

1. Laldenga
2. Angami Zapu
3. Kazi Lhendup Dorji Khangsarpa
4. Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 22]

Who was the founder and leader of the Mizo National Front?

1. Kazi Dorzi
2. Laldenga
3. Lhandup Khangsarpa
4. Angami Zapu Phizo

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 37]

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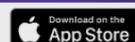
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107.

In which year CENTO was established ?

- (1) 1954
- (2) 1955
- (3) 1956
- (4) 1957

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 36]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year CENTO was established.

- (1) 1953
- (2) 1954
- (3) 1955
- (4) 1956

[Shift 09/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 12]

108.

Identify the name of the UN Secretary General.

He was the Prime Minister of Portugal between  
(1995 - 2002)  
UN high commissioner for refugees between  
(2005-2015)

- (1) Antonio Guterres
- (2) Ban Ki-Moon
- (3) Kofi A Annan
- (4) Trygve Lie

[Shift 09/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 38]

**Similar Questions:**

Name the Secretary General of UN who was the prime minister of Portugal between 1995-2000 and the UN high commission for refugees between 2005 to 2015.

- 1. Ban-Ki-Moon
- 2. Javier Perez de Cuellar
- 3. Antonio Guterres
- 4. U. Thant

[Shift 12/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 48]

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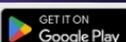
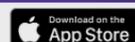
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109.

The Mandal Commission recommendations were implemented by which government?

1. The National Front Government
2. The National Democratic Alliance
3. The Left-Front
4. The United Progressive Alliance

[Shift 31/05/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 2]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following government decided to implement the recommendations of Mandal Commission in 1990?

1. National Front
2. United Progressive Alliance
3. Bharatiya Janata Party
4. National Democratic Alliance

[Shift-16-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 38]

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110.

The idea of a Five Year Plan in India was adopted from which country:

1. USSR
2. USA
3. France
4. Germany

[Shift 31/05/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 12]

**Similar Questions:**

Planning (Five year planning) adopted by India from which country?

1. USA
2. USSR
3. Isreal
4. Iran

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 20]

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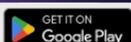
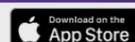
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111.

The full form of NITIAayogis:

1. National Institution for Technological Innovation
2. National Innovation and Technological Institute
3. National Institute for Technology and Innovation
4. National Institution for Transforming India

[Shift 31/05/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 16]

**Similar Questions:**

Full form of NITI Aayog :

1. National Institution for Transforming India
2. National Institution for Testing India
3. National Institution for Total India
4. national Integration of total India

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 19]

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112.

The main provisions of the Punjab Accord were

- A. It was agreed that Chandigarh would be transferred to Punjab
- B. A separate commission would be appointed to resolve the border dispute between Punjab and Haryana
- C. A tribunal would be set up to decide the sharing of Ravi-Beas river water among Punjab, Haryana and Rajasthan
- D. The withdrawal of the application of Armed Forces Special Powers Act in Punjab
- E. Imposing President's rule in the State of Punjab.

- 1. A, B, C, D & E Only
- 2. A, B, C & D Only
- 3. B, C & E Only
- 4. C, D & E Only

[Shift 31/05/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 20]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following provisions was not part of the Punjab Accord?

- (A) It was agreed that Chandigarh would be transferred to Punjab.
- (B) A separate commission would be appointed to resolve the border dispute between Punjab and Haryana.
- (C) The number of military troops will be increased to depute in various areas of Punjab.
- (D) A tribunal will be set up to decide the sharing of Ravi- Beas river water among Punjab, Haryana and Gujarat

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) and (B) only
- 2. (A) (B) and (D) only
- 3. (C) and (D) only
- 4. (B) and (D) only

[shift-26-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 8]

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113.

Who gave the political strategy called 'Non-Congressism'?

1. Neville Maxwell
2. C. Natarajan Annadurai
3. K. Kamaraj
4. Ram Manohar Lohia

[Shift 31/05/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 43]

**Similar Questions:**

**Who gave the strategy of 'Non-Congressism'?**

1. Ram Manohar Lohia
2. C. Natarajan Annadurai
3. K. Kamaraj
4. Karpoori Thakur

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 42]

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114.

The Arab Spring did not spread in which of the following countries.

1. Tunisia
2. Libya
3. Iran
4. Yemen

[Shift 31/05/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 47]

**Similar Questions:**

The Arab Spring did not transcend in which of the following countries?

- (1) Tunisia
- (2) Libya
- (3) Iran
- (4) Yemen

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 41]

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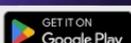
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115.

Name the country which is the single largest contributor to the UN budget?

1. Japan
2. USA
3. UK
4. Germany

[Shift 31/05/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 49]

**Similar Questions:**

Name the country which is the single largest contributor to the UN budget?

1. UK
2. Japan
3. US
4. Germany

[Shift 06/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 31]

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116.

When did the Government of India replaced the Planning Commission with a new institution named 'NITI Ayog'?

1. 1 January 2014
2. 1 January 2016
3. 1 January 2019
4. 1 January 2015

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 2]

**Similar Questions:**

The Government of India replaced the planning commission with a new institution 'NITI AAYOG' When did Niti Ayog came into existence?

1. 31 January 2015
2. 1 January 2015
3. 31 January 2016
4. 1 January 2016

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 39]

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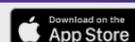
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117.

**LIST I**

- A. IAEA
- B. World Bank
- C. Human Rights Council III.
- D. WTO

**LIST II**

- I. 2006
- II. 1995
- III. 1957
- IV. 1944

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

- 1. A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III
- 2. A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
- 3. A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II
- 4. A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 9]

**Similar Questions:**

Match List-I with List-II

**List-I (International Organisation)**

- (A) WTO
- (B) IAEA
- (C) UN
- (D) World Bank

**List-II (Year of establishment)**

- (I) 1945
- (II) 1944
- (III) 1995
- (IV) 1957

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
- 2. (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
- 3. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
- 4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 22]

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118.

United States dropped two atomic bombs on the Japanese cities of Hiroshima and Nagasaki in

1. July 1945
2. August 1945
3. September 1945
4. October 1945

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 11]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year the United States dropped two atomic bombs on the Japanese cities of Hiroshima and Nagasaki?

- (1) August 1944
- (2) August 1945
- (3) August 1946
- (4) August 1947

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 18]

119.

Turning their back to the  
Sun they prayed through centuries  
Now, now we must refuse  
to be pilgrims of darkness

Who is the author of above poem

1. Eleanor Zelliot
2. Namdeo Dhasal
3. Golpitha
4. Jayanti Karvay

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 13]

**Similar Questions:**

'Turning their back to the sun, they journeyed through centuries. Now, we must refuse to be pilgrims of darkness' Who is the poet of above Marathi poem?

1. Jayant karve
2. Namdeo Dhasal
3. Eleanor Zelliot
4. Fakir Chand

[Shift 12/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 18]

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120.

Who was the Deputy Prime Minister and first home minister of Independent India

1. Raf Ahmad Kidwai
2. Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel
3. C. Rajgopalachari
4. K. S. Menon

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 15]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the first deputy prime minister and home minister of Independent India?

1. A. K. Gopalan
2. Acharya Kriplani
3. Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel
4. Sardar Hukum Singh

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 43]

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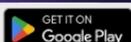
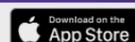
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121.

Arrange the following Prime Ministers in chronological order of their tenure.

- A. Narendra Modi
- B. Chandra Shekhar
- C. V. P. Singh
- D. P. V. Narsimha Rao
- E. Manmohan Singh

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- 1. C. B. D, E. A only
- 2. B. C. D. E. A only
- 3. D. B. C. E. A only
- 4. C, D. B. E.A only

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 17]

**Similar Questions:**

Chronologically, arrange the following Prime Ministers in the order of their tenure.

- (A) Chandra Shekhar
- (B) P.V. Narsimha Rao
- (C) A.B. Vajpayee
- (D) V.P. Singh

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (B), (C), (D)
- 2. (A), (C), (B), (D)
- 3. (B), (A), (D), (C)
- 4. (D), (A), (B), (C).

[shift-15-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 14]

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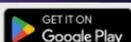
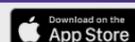
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122.

Who formed DMK as a political party in 1949

1. Ram Manohar Lohia
2. C. Natrajan Annadurai
3. C. Kagle
4. Karpoori Thakur

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 18]

**Similar Questions:**

Who formed DMK as a political party in 1949?

1. Ram Manohar Lohia
2. C. Natrajan Annadurai
3. Neville Maxwell
4. K. Kamraj

[Shift 12/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 31]

Name the leader who formed DMK as a political party in 1949.

1. K. Kamraj
2. S. Nijlingappa
3. Karpoori Thakur
4. C. Natrajan Annadurai

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 23]

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123.

The First non-aligned summit was held in Belgrade in.

1. 1958
2. 1959
3. 1960
4. 1961

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 21]

**Similar Questions:**

The first non-aligned summit was held in the year 1961 in \_\_\_\_\_

- (1) Venice
- (2) Delhi
- (3) Belgrade
- (4) Dhaka

[Shift 09/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 31]

124.

Write the full form of 'AASU'

1. All Assam Students Union
2. All Assam Samarathak Union
3. All Assam Samman Union
4. All Assam Student united

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 25]

**Similar Questions:**

Write the full form of AASU -

- (1) All Assam Students Union
- (2) All Asian students Union
- (3) All Anti students Union
- (4) All Arunachal students Union

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 3]

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125.

When the constitution was signed?

1. 24 January 1950
2. 26 November 1949
3. 26 January 1950
4. 26 November 1950

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 28]

**Similar Questions:**

When was the Constitution of India signed?

1. 26 November 1949
2. 24 January 1950
3. 26 January 1950
4. 14 August 1947

[shift-27-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 38]

The Constitution of India was adopted on:

1. 26 November 1949
2. 24 January 1950
3. 26 January 1950
4. 26 December 1949

[shift-16-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 5]

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126.

Name the founder of Indian Stastical Institute

1. K. N. Raj
2. J. C. Kumarappa
3. R. D. Raj
4. P. C. Mahalanobis

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 32]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** Name the founder of Indian Statistical Institute:

- 1.K.N. Raj
- 2.A.K. Ray
- 3.P.C. Mahalanobis
- 4.J.C. Kumarappa

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 7]

---

127.

BRIC was formed in which year

1. 2005
- 2.2006
- 3.2007
- 4.2008

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 36]

**Similar Questions:**

BRIC was founded in which year?

1. 2009
2. 2008
3. 2007
4. 2006

[Shift 06/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 16]

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128.

North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) came into existence in

1. March 1949
2. April 1949
3. May 1949
4. June 1949

[Shift 18/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 39]

**Similar Questions:**

When did the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) come into existence?

1. April 1949
2. March 1948
3. May 1978
4. April 1950

[Shift 12/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 1]

129.

Which one of the following is not a component of the Security Strategy of India?

- (1) Strengthening its military capabilities
- (2) Stengthening international norms and international institutions
- (3) Confronting security challenges within the country
- (4) Developing its political structure according to its internal aspirations

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 1]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following is not a component of India's security strategy?

1. Strengthening its military capabilities.
2. Strengthening international norms and international institutions to protect its security interests.
3. Meeting security challenges within the country.
4. Policy of first use of nuclear weapon

[shift-21-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 35]

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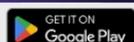
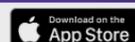
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130.

Who proposed the Asian Collective Security System?

- (1) Nikita Khrushchev
- (2) Vladimir Lenin
- (3) Leonid Brezhnev
- (4) Boris Yeltsin

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 4]

**Similar Questions:**

Which political leader proposed Asian Collective Security System?

1. Nikita Khrushchev
2. Leonid Brezhnev
3. Mikhail Gorbachev
4. Boris Yeltsin

[shift-02-06-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 32]

Which leader of the Soviet Union proposed Asian Collective Security system?

1. Vladimir Lenin
2. Joseph Stalin
3. Leonid Brezhnev
4. Nikita Khrushchev

[shift-14-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 37]

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131.

Given below are two statements:

Statement (I): Cultural consequences of Globalization are only negative

Statement (II): Cultural homogenisation is an aspect of Globalization.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (2) Both Statement 1 and Statement II are incorrect
- (3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
- (4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 8]

**Similar Questions:**

Given below are two statements :

Statement (I): Technology is an important cause of globalization

Statement (II): Globalization is caused by a particular community of people

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
- (4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 23]

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132.

In May 1977, the Janata party government appointed a Commission of Inquiry to look "into several aspects of allegations of abuse of authority, excesses and malpractices committed and action taken in the wake of the Emergency proclaimed on the 25th June, 1975". Name the Commission?

- (1) Shah Commission
- (2) Sarkaria Commission
- (3) Hota Commission
- (4) Mehta Commission

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 16]

**Similar Questions:**

In May 1977, the Janata Party Government appointed a commission to inquire into several aspects of allegation of abuse of authority, excess and malpractices committed and action taken in the wake of emergency proclaimed on the 25 June 1975. The Inquiry Commission was headed by:

1. Justice J. C. Shah
2. Justice J. L. Sinha
3. Justice A. N. Ray
4. Justice R. N. Mishra

[Shift 06/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 30]

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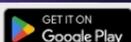
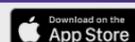
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133.

Which of these was not an objective of India's Foreign policy between 1946-1964?

- (1) Preserve the hard-earned sovereignty
- (2) Protect territorial integrity
- (3) Promote rapid economic development
- (4) Advocate a pro US foreign policy

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 19]

**Similar Questions:**

Which among the following was not the objective of Jawaharlal Nehru's foreign policy?

1. Preserve hard-earned sovereignty
2. Protect territorial integrity
3. Promote rapid economic development
4. Alliance with US-led military

[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 19]

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134.

BAMCEF standsfor:

- (1) Backward and Muslim Communities Employees Federation
- (2) Backward and Minority Communities Employees Federation
- (3) Backward and Minority Communities Employers Federation
- (4) Backward and Muslim Communities Employers Federation

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 24]

**Similar Questions:**

**What does BAMCEF stand for?**

1. Backward and Muslim Communities Employees Federation
2. Backward and Minority Communities Education Federation
3. Backward and Minority Communities Employees Federation
4. Backward and Majority Communities Employees Federation

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 47]

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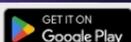
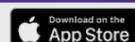
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135.

Which princely state signed the 'Standstill Agreement with India in 1947?

- (1) Hyderabad
- (2) Junagadh
- (3) Manipur
- (4) Jammu & Kashmir

[Shift 21/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 28]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following princely states signed the Stand Still Agreement with India in 1947?

1. Kashmir
2. Hyderabad
3. Junagadh
4. Manipur

[Shift 27/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 13]

The ruler of which Princely State entered into the Standstill Agreement with the Government of India in November 1947?

1. Junagarh
2. Kashmir
3. Hyderabad
4. Manipur

[shift-27-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 4]

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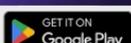
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136.

Name the first Republic to declare its independence from Soviet Union?

1. Armenia
2. Georgia
3. Lithuania
4. Moldova

[Shift 06/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 2]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following was the first state to declare its independence from the Soviet Union?

1. Armenia
2. Lithuania
3. Kyrgyzstan
4. Georgia

[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 21]

137.

Who was President of United States of America (USA) during the Cuban Missile Crises of 1962?

1. John F. Kennedy
2. Ronald Regan
3. W. George Bush
4. Bill Clinton

[Shift 06/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 14]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the president of United States of America during the Cuban missile crisis of 1962?

1. Richard Nixon
2. D. Eisenhower
3. John F. Kennedy
4. Bill Clinton

[Shift 10/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 8]

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138.

In 1972, Shimla Agreement was signed by:

1. India and Pakistan
2. India and Sri Lanka
3. India and Bangladesh
4. Pakistan and Bangladesh

[Shift 06/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 15]

**Similar Questions:**

The Shimla agreement was signed between which of the following two countries?

1. India and Pakistan
2. India and Bangladesh
3. India and Nepal
4. India and Sri Lanka

[shift-15-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 40]

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139.

In which year the EU (European Union) was awarded Nobel Peace Prize?

1. 2010
2. 2011
3. 2012
4. 2013

[Shift 06/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 20]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year was the European Union awarded the Nobel Peace Prize?

- 1,1951
2. 1990
- 3.2012
- 4.2016

[shift-19-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 11]

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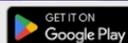
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140.

When was the first nuclear explosion undertaken by India?

1. May 1972
2. May 1974
3. November 1962
4. December 1971

[Shift 06/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 23]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** The first nuclear explosion was undertaken by India in:

- A) May 1972
- B) May 1973
- C) May 1974
- D) May 1975

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 42]

141.

Fill in the blanks with the appropriate answer.

The \_\_\_\_\_ appoints \_\_\_\_\_ of NITI Aayog.

1. President, Chairman
2. Vice President, Chairperson
3. Prime Minister, Vice-Chairperson
4. Finance Minister, Chairperson

[Shift 06/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 44]

**Similar Questions:**

Who on among the following appoints the Vice chairperson of NITI Aayog ?

1. President
2. Vice President
3. Governor
4. Prime Minister

[Shift 18/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 10]

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142.

### Match List – I with List – II

List – I	List – II
(A) The Swatantra Party	(I) 1934
(B) The National Revolutionary Party (PRI)	(II) 1885
(C) The Congress Socialist Party	(III) 1959
(D) The Indian National Congress	(IV) 1929

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)
2. (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)
3. (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
4. (A)-(I), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)

[Shift 05/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 11]

Similar Questions:

List – I	List – II
(A) Indian National Congress	(I) 1948
(B) Socialist Party	(II) 1885
(C) Bhartiya Jana Sangh	(III) 1959
(D) Swatantra Party	(IV) 1951

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (2) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (3) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)
- (4) (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 26]

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143.

Match List-I with List-II.

List – I	List – II
(A) The Politics of Consensus	(I) The Shah Bano Case
(B) The Caste based parties	(II) The Rise of the OBC's
(C) Personal Law and Gender Justice	(III) The Coalition government
(D) Growing strength of Regional Parties	(IV) The Agreement on Economic policies

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)
2. (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)
3. (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)
4. (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)

[Shift 05/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 14]

**Similar Questions:**

Identify the incorrect one -

- (1) Politics of consensus - Agreement on Economic Policies
- (2) Caste Based Parties - Rise of OBCS
- (3) Personal Law & Gender Justice - Shah Bano Case
- (4) Growing Strength of Regional Parties-Policy of Liberalisation

[Shift 09/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 18]

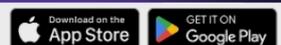
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144.

In June 1975, an Emergency was proclaimed by invoking which of the following Articles of Indian Constitution?

- (1) Article 352
- (2) Article 356
- (3) Article 360
- (4) Article 368.

[Shift 05/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 17]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following provision in the Indian Constitution was evoked by the government to declare a state of emergency in June 1975?

1. Article 352
2. Article 356
3. Article 360
4. Article 363

[shift-14-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 27]

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145.

Who was the Military General of Pakistan at the time of the Bangladesh crisis?

- (1) General Zia-UI-Haq
- (2) General Ayub Khan
- (3) General Liyakat Khan
- (4) General Yahya Khan

[Shift 05/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 27]

**Similar Questions:**

Pakistan faced the Bangladesh crisis under the leadership of:

1. General Ayub Khan
2. General Yahya Khan
3. General Zia-ul-Haq
4. General Pervez Musharraf

[shift-19-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 18]

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146.

Arrange the following in their chronological order -

- (A) The Soviet invasion of Afghanistan
- (B) The Fall of the Berlin Wall
- (C) The Disintegration of the Soviet Union
- (D) The Russian Revolution
- (E) The Shock Therapy

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (D), (A), (B), (E), (C)
- (2) (A), (B), (D), (C), (E)
- (3) (B), (D), (E), (C), (A)
- (4) (A), (C), (D), (B), (E).

[Shift 05/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 29]

**Similar Questions:**

Arrange the following in chronological order:

- (A) Soviet invasion of Afghanistan
- (B) Fall of the Berlin wall
- (C) Disintegration of the Soviet Union
- (D) Russian Revolution
- (E) Formation of post communist regime

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (D), (A), (B), (C),(E)
- (2) (B), (D), (A), (C), (E)
- (3) (B), (D), (C), (A), (E)
- (4) (D), (E), (B), (C), (A)

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 2]

**Question:**

Arrange the following in chronological order:

- (A) Soviet invasion of Afghanistan
- (B) Fall of Berlin Wall
- (C) Disintegration of Soviet Union
- (D) Russian Revolution
- (E) Warsaw Pact

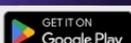
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Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (A), (B), (C), (D), (E)
- (2) (D), (B), (A), (C), (E)
- (3) (B), (C), (D), (A), (E)
- (4) (D), (C), (B), (E), (A)

**[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 1]**

Arrange the following events related to disintegration of Soviet Union in chronological order:

- (A) Soviet Union invasion of Afghanistan
- (B) USSR came into being
- (C) Russian parliament declares its independence from the Soviet Union
- (D) Fall of the Berlin Wall

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (B), (C), (A), (D)
2. (B), (A), (D), (C)
3. (C), (B), (D), (A)
4. (A), (B), (C), (D)

**[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 10]**

Arrange the following events in the correct chronological order:

- (A) The Soviet Invasion of Afghanistan
- (B) Fall of the Berlin wall
- (C) The administration of 'shock therapy' in post-communist regimes
- (D) The Russian Revolution

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. (A), (B), (C), (D)
2. (D), (A), (B), (C)
3. (B), (A), (D), (C)
4. (C), (B), (D), (A)

**[shift-29-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 20]**

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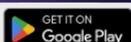
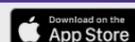
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147.

SAFTA stands for :-

- (1) South Association Free Tour Alliance
- (2) South Asia Free Trade Alliance
- (3) South Asian Fare Trade Association
- (4) South Asian Free Trade Agreement

[Shift 05/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 34]

**Similar Questions:**

**SAFTA stands for.**

1. South Asia Fair Trade Agreement
2. South Asian Foreign Trade Agreement
3. South Asian Free Trade Agreement
4. South Asia Foreign Trade Association

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 31]

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148.

Who was the first Indian to be the Governor General of India between 1948 to 1950 ?

- (1) A.K. Gopalan
- (2) C. Rajgopalchari
- (3) Sri Kant Nair
- (4) C. Natarajan

[Shift 05/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 47]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the first Indian to be the Governor General of India between year 1948-1950 ?

- (1) A. K. Gopalan
- (2) Srikant Nair
- (3) C. Rajagopalachari
- (4) N. C. Chatterjee

[Shift 17/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 26]

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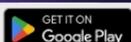
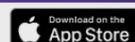
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149.

The United Nations Conference on Environment and development was held in Rio-de-Janeiro, Brazil in June 1992. This conference also called the:

1. United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)
2. Earth Summit
3. United Nations Framework Convention on Climate change (UNFCCC)
4. Kyoto Protocol

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 7]

**Similar Questions:**

The United Nations conference on environment and development was held in Rio-de-Janerio, Brazil in June 1992. This was called\_

1. Environment Summit
2. Earth Summit
3. Development Summit
4. Brazil Summit

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 50]

The United Nations Conference on Environment and Development was held in June 1992. This was also called the Earth Summit. In which city was it organized ?

1. Kyoto
2. New Delhi
3. Porto Alegre
4. Rio de Janeiro

[shift-15-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 32]

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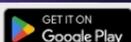
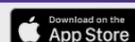
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150.

The Backward and Minority Communities Employees Federation (BAMCEF), was formed on:

1. 6 November 1978
2. 6 November 1977
3. 6 December 1978
4. 6 December 1977

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 25]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year was the Backward and Minority Communities Employees Federation (BAMCEF) formed?

1. 1984
2. 1978
3. 1980
4. 1982

[shift-28-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 35]

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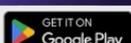
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151.

Name the country which adopted an Open Door Policy in 1978.

1. China
2. USA
3. South Korea
4. Japan

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 28]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following nations adopted an Open door policy?

- (1) South Korea
- (2) China
- (3) Japan
- (4) USA

[Shift 17/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 14]

Which of the following nations adopted an 'OPEN DOOR' Policy?

1. China
2. South Korea
3. Japan
4. Nepal

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 23]

**Which of the following nations adopted an 'Open Door' policy and economic reforms in 1978?**

1. South Korea
2. China
3. USA
4. Japan

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 1]

Which of the following countries announced an 'open door' policy and economic reforms in 1978?

1. China
2. USA
3. South Korea
4. Japan

[shift-28-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 28]

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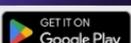
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152.

Who was president of Cuba during the Cuban Missile Crisis 1962?

1. Nikita Khrushchev
2. Fidel Castro
3. John.F. Kennedy
4. Yasir Arafat.

[Shift 10/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 38]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the president of the small island nation Cuba during the Cuban missile crisis?

- (1) Nikita Khrushchev
- (2) Fidel Castro
- (3) John F. Kennedy
- (4) Raul Castro

[Shift 09/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 25]

153.

In which year was the state of Nagaland created ?

- (1) 1963
- (2) 1972
- (3) 1987
- (4) 1989

[Shift 17/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 3]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year was the State of Nagaland created?

1. 1961
2. 1963
3. 1965
4. 1967

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 26]

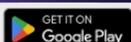
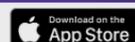
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154.

In which year the Shah commission was appointed by the Janata party?

- (1) 1974
- (2) 1975
- (3) 1976
- (4) 1977

[Shift 17/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 19]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year the Janata Party government in India appointed a commission of inquiry headed by justice J.C. Shah, retired Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

- (1) May 1974
- (2) May 1975
- (3) May 1976
- (4) May 1977

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 39]

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155.

Who was the founder of Bolshevik Communist Party and leader of the Russian revolution of 1917 ?

- (1) Joseph Stalin
- (2) Vladmir Lenin
- (3) Leonid Brezhnev
- (4) Nikita Khrushchev

[Shift 17/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 20]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the founder of the Bolshevik Communist party?

- 1. Joseph Stalin
- 2. Vladimir Lenin
- 3. Leonid Brezhnev
- 4. Nikita Khrushchev

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 38]

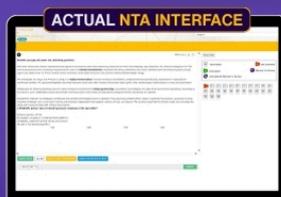
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156.

'If linguistic provinces are formed, it will also give a fillip to the regional languages. It would be absurd to make Hindustani the medium of instruction in all the regions and it is still more absurd to use English for this purpose'.

Who said the above lines (words)?

- (1) Mahatma Gandhi
- (2) Vallabh Bhai Patel
- (3) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (4) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan

[Shift 17/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 29]

**Similar Questions:**

'If linguistic provinces are formed, it will also give a fillip to the required language. It would be absurd to make Hindustani the medium of instruction in all the regions and it is still more absurd to use English for this purpose. Who said these above lines?

1. Jawahar Lal Nehru
2. Sardar Vallabh Bhai Patel
3. Mahatma Gandhi
4. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 27]

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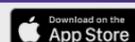
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157.

Which of the following statement about Grand Alliance of 1971 is correct, It:

- (1) was formed by non-communist, non-congress parties
- (2) had a clear political and ideological programme
- (3) was formed by congress aligned Parties
- (4) was formed by communist Parties

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 3]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following statements is correct about the Grand Alliance of 1971?

1. It was formed by non-Communist and non-Congress parties.
2. It had a clear political and ideological programme.
3. It was formed by all non-Congress parties.
4. It was formed by Bharatiya Jana Sangh.

[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 45]

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158.

On which date the US launched its invasion of Iraq under the code name 'Operation Iraqi Freedom'

- (1) 19th March 2003
- (2) 19th March 2004
- (3) 11th September 2003
- (4) 11th September 2004

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 4]

**Similar Questions:**

On the 19th March 2003, the US launched its invasion of Iraq under the code name:

1. Operation Desert Storm
2. Operation Infinite Reach
3. Operation Enduring Freedom
4. Operation Iraqi Freedom

[Shift 14/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 40]

On 19 March 2003, the US launched its invasion of Iraq under which code name?

1. Operation enduring freedom
2. Operation Iraqi freedom
3. Operation of Invasions
4. Operation Infinite reach

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 22]

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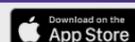
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159.

The world council of Indigenous people was formed in which year ?

- (1) 1973
- (2) 1974
- (3) 1975
- (4) 1976

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 7]

**Similar Questions:**

'The world council of Indigenous people' was formed in which year?

1. 1970
2. 1971
3. 1975
4. 1976

[Shift 27/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 26]

The World Council of Indigenous People was formed in:

1. 1973
2. 1974
3. 1975
4. 1976

[Shift 12/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 22]

In which year the World Council of Indigenous peoples was formed?

1. 1975
2. 1992
3. 1970
4. 1973

[Shift 14/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 1]

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160.

Given below are two statements:

Statement (I)

: The western alliance, headed by the US represented the ideology of liberal democracy and capitalism

Statement

(II): The eastern alliance was also headed by the US, was committed to the ideology of socialism and communism

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
- (4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 14]

**Similar Questions:**

Given below are two statements:

Statement I: The Western alliance, headed by the US, represented the ideology of liberal democracy and capitalism.

Statement II: Eastern alliance was also headed by the US, eastern alliance was committed to the ideology of socialism and communism

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

1. Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
2. Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
3. Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
4. Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 3]

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161.

In which year Asom Gana Parishad came in to power in Assam?

- (1) 1983
- (2) 1984
- (3) 1985
- (4) 1986

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 17]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year Asom Gana Parishad came to power with the promise of resolving the foreign national problem as well as to build a 'Golden Assam' ?

- (1) 1984
- (2) 1985
- (3) 1986
- (4) 1987

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 39]

162.

'The United Nation was not created to take humanity to heaven, but to save it from hell'

Who said above lines?

- (1) Shashi Tharoor
- (2) Dag hammarskjold
- (3) Kurt Waldheim
- (4) Antonio Gutress

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 19]

**Similar Questions:**

**Question:** Who said "The United Nations was not created to take humanity to heaven, but to save it from hell"?

- A) Jawaharlal Nehru
- B) Dag Hammarskjold
- C) Kurt Waldheim
- D) Henry Kissinger

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 29]

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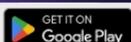
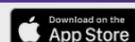
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163.

Given below are two statements:

Statement (I):

South Korea emerged as a centre of power in Asia between the 1960s and the 1980s it rapidly developed into an economic power which is termed as 'Miracle on the Han River'

Statement (II): South Korea became a member of the OECD in 1996

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
- (4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

[Shift 13/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 37]

**Similar Questions:**

Given below are two statement:

Statement I: South Korea and North Korea became the member of the UN on 17th September 1991

Statement II: South Korea emerged as a centre of power in Asia. Between the 1960s and the 1980s, it rapidly developed into an economic power which is termed as 'Miracle on the Han River'.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

1. Both Statement I and Statement II are correct
2. Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
3. Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
4. Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 23]

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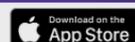
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164.

Who was the Education Minister in the first cabinet of free India.

1. Raj Kumari Amrit Kaur
2. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
3. Acharya Narendra Dev
4. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai

[Shift 27/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 20]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the education minister in the first cabinet of free India?

1. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
2. Abdul Gaffar Khan
3. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai
4. C. Raj Gopalachari

[Shift 12/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 17]

Who was the education minister in the first cabinet of free India?

1. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
2. Lal Bahadur Shastri
3. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai
4. Dr. B. C. Roy

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 31]

Who was the Education Minister in the first cabinet of free India

1. Raj Kumari Amrit Kaur
2. Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
3. Rafi Ahmad Kidwai
4. P. D. Tandon

[Shift 18/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 1]

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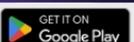
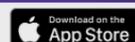
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165.

**Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions.**

The acceptance of the principle of linguistic states did not mean, however, that all states immediately became linguistic states. There was an experiment of 'bilingual' Bombay states, consisting of Gujarati- and Marathi- speaking people. After a popular agitation, the states of Maharashtra and Gujarat were created in 1960. In Punjab also, there were to linguistic groups: Hindi-speaking and Punjabi-speaking. The Punjabi-speaking people demanded a separate state. But it was not granted with other states in 1956. Statehood of Punjab came ten years later, in 1966, when the territories of today's Haryana and Himachal Pradesh were separated from the larger Punjab state.

Another major reorganisation of states took place in the north-east in 1972. Meghalaya was carved out of Assam in 1972. Manipur and Tripura too emerged as separate states in the same year. The states of Mizoram and Arunachal Pradesh came into being in 1987. Nagaland had become a state much earlier in 1963.

Language did not, however remain the sole basis of organisation of states. In later years sub-regions raised demands for separate states on the basis of a separate regional culture or complaints of regional imbalance in development. Three such states, Chhattisgarh, Uttarakhand and Jharkhand, were created in 2000. The story of reorganisation has not come to an end. There are many regions in the country where there are movements demanding separate and smaller states. These include Vidarbha in Maharashtra, Haridwar Pradesh in the western region of Uttar Pradesh and the northern region of West Bengal.

[Shift 27/05/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 46]

**Similar Questions:**

**Read the passage and answer the following questions.**

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The acceptance of the principle of linguistic states did not mean, however that all states immediately became linguistic states. There was an experiment of 'bilingual' Bombay state, consisting of Gujarati and Marathi-speaking people. After a popular agitation, the states of Maharashtra and Gujarat were created in 1960. In Punjab also, there were two linguistic groups: Hindi-speaking and Punjabi-speaking. The Punjabi-speaking people demanded a separate state. But it was not granted with other states in 1956. Statehood of Punjab came ten years later, in 1966, when then territories of today's Haryana and Himachal Pradesh were separated from

the larger Punjab state. Another major reorganisation of states took place in the north-east in 1972. Meghalaya was carved out of Assam in 1972. Manipur and Tripura too emerged as separate states in the same year. The states of Mizoram and Arunachal Pradesh came into being in 1987. Nagaland had become a state much earlier in 1963.

Language did not, however, remain the sole basis of organisation of states. In later years, sub-regions raised demands for separate states on the basis of a separate regional culture or complaints of regional imbalance in development. Three such states, Chhattisgarh, Uttarakhand and Jharkhand, were created in 2000. The story of reorganisation has not come to an end. There are many regions in the country where there are movements demanding separate and smaller states. These include Vidarbha in Maharashtra, Harit Pradesh in the western region of Uttar Pradesh and the northern region of West Bengal.

[Shift 18/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 46]

**Read the passage and answer the following questions.**

The acceptance of the principle of linguistic states did not mean, however that all states immediately became linguistic states. There was an experiment of 'bilingual' Bombay state, consisting of Gujarati and Marathi-speaking people. After a popular agitation, the states of Maharashtra and Gujarat were created in 1960. In Punjab also, there were two linguistic groups: Hindi-speaking and Punjabi-speaking. The Punjabi-speaking people demanded a separate state. But it was not granted with other states in 1956. Statehood of Punjab came ten years later, in 1966, when then territories of today's Haryana and Himachal Pradesh were separated

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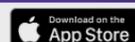
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the larger Punjab state. Another major reorganisation of states took place in the north-east in 1972. Meghalaya was carved out of Assam in 1972. Manipur and Tripura too emerged as separate states in the same year. The states of Mizoram and Arunachal Pradesh came into being in 1987. Nagaland had become a state much earlier in 1963.

Language did not, however, remain the sole basis of organisation of states. In later years, sub-regions raised demands for separate states on the basis of a separate regional culture or complaints of regional imbalance in development. Three such states, Chhattisgarh, Uttarakhand and Jharkhand, were created in 2000. The story of reorganisation has not come to an end. There are many regions in the country where there are movements demanding separate and smaller states. These include Vidarbha in Maharashtra, Harit Pradesh in the western region of Uttar Pradesh and the northern region of West Bengal.

[Shift 18/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 47]

**Read the passage and answer the following questions.**

The acceptance of the principle of linguistic states did not mean, however that all states immediately became linguistic states. There was an experiment of 'bilingual' Bombay state, consisting of Gujarati and Marathi-speaking people. After a popular agitation, the states of Maharashtra and Gujarat were created in 1960. In Punjab also, there were two linguistic groups: Hindi-speaking and Punjabi-speaking. The Punjabi-speaking people demanded a separate state. But it was not granted with other states in 1956. Statehood of Punjab came ten years later, in 1966, when then territories of today's Haryana and Himachal Pradesh were separated from

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Language did not, however, remain the sole basis of organisation of states. In later years, sub-regions raised demands for separate states on the basis of a separate regional culture or complaints of regional imbalance in

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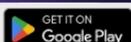
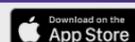
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development. Three such states, Chhattisgarh, Uttarakhand and Jharkhand, were created in 2000. The story of reorganisation has not come to an end. There are many regions in the country where there are movements demanding separate and smaller states. These include Vidarbha in Maharashtra, Harit Pradesh in the western region of Uttar Pradesh and the northern region of West Bengal.

[Shift 18/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 48]

**Read the passage and answer the following questions.**

The acceptance of the principle of linguistic states did not mean, however that all states immediately became linguistic states. There was an experiment of 'bilingual' Bombay state, consisting of Gujarati and Marathi-speaking people. After a popular agitation, the states of Maharashtra and Gujarat were created in 1960. In Punjab also, there were two linguistic groups: Hindi-speaking and Punjabi-speaking. The Punjabi-speaking people demanded a separate state. But it was not granted with other states in 1956. Statehood of Punjab came ten years later, in 1966, when then territories of today's Haryana and Himachal Pradesh were separated from

the larger Punjab state. Another major reorganisation of states took place in the north-east in 1972. Meghalaya was carved out of Assam in 1972. Manipur and Tripura too emerged as separate states in the same year. The states of Mizoram and Arunachal Pradesh came into being in 1987. Nagaland had become a state much earlier in 1963.

Language did not, however, remain the sole basis of organisation of states. In later years, sub-regions raised demands for separate states on the basis of a separate regional culture or complaints of regional imbalance in development. Three such states, Chhattisgarh, Uttarakhand and Jharkhand, were created in 2000. The story of reorganisation has not come to an end. There are many regions in the country where there are movements demanding separate and smaller states. These include Vidarbha in Maharashtra, Harit Pradesh in the western region of Uttar Pradesh and the northern region of West Bengal.

[Shift 18/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 49]

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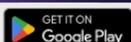
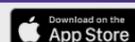
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**Read the passage and answer the following questions.**

The acceptance of the principle of linguistic states did not mean, however that all states immediately became linguistic states. There was an experiment of 'bilingual' Bombay state, consisting of Gujarati and Marathi-speaking people. After a popular agitation, the states of Maharashtra and Gujarat were created in 1960. In Punjab also, there were two linguistic groups: Hindi-speaking and Punjabi-speaking. The Punjabi-speaking people demanded a separate state. But it was not granted with other states in 1956. Statehood of Punjab came ten years later, in 1966, when then territories of today's Haryana and Himachal Pradesh were separated from

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Language did not, however, remain the sole basis of organisation of states. In later years, sub-regions raised demands for separate states on the basis of a separate regional culture or complaints of regional imbalance in development. Three such states, Chhattisgarh, Uttarakhand and Jharkhand, were created in 2000. The story of reorganisation has not come to an end. There are many regions in the country where there are movements demanding separate and smaller states. These include Vidarbha in Maharashtra, Harit Pradesh in the western region of Uttar Pradesh and the northern region of West Bengal.

[Shift 18/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 50]

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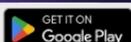
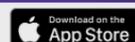
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166.

Rapid Industrialisation under Second Five Year Plan came under the leadership of:

1. P.C Mahalanobis
2. Verghese Kurien
3. J.C. Kumarappa
4. K.N. Raj

[Shift 12/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 14]

**Similar Questions:**

**The Second Five Year Plan was drafted under the leadership of \_\_\_\_\_.**

1. K.N. Raj
2. P.C. Mahalanobis
3. J.C. Kumarappa
4. P.C. Mahapatra

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 37]

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167.

Russia is a permanent member of the UN Security Council called \_\_\_\_\_

1. P-2
2. P-3
3. P-4
4. P-5

[Shift 12/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 26]

**Similar Questions:**

Russia is a permanent member of the UN Security Council called...

1. P-5
2. P-6
3. P-8
4. P-9

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 41]

Russia is a permanent member of the UN Security Council called \_\_\_\_\_

1. P-4
2. P-5
3. P-7
4. P-8

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 13]

168.

Which of the following ideas did not form part of the early phase of India Development Policy?

1. Planning
2. Liberalisation
3. Co-operative farming
4. Self sufficiency

[Shift 12/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 33]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following ideas did not form part of the early phase of India's development policy?

1. Liberalisation
2. Co-operative farming
3. Self sufficiency
4. Planning

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 19]

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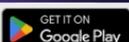
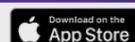
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169.

Who was the General Secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union in 1985?

1. Boris Yeltsin
2. Vladimir Lenin
3. Mikhail Gorbachev
4. Joseph Stalin

[Shift 14/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 18]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the General Secretary of the Communist Party of Soviet Union in 1985 who introduced Perestroika and Glasnost to transform Soviet economy and society?

1. Vladimir Lenin
2. Joseph Stalin
3. Mikhail Gorbachev
4. Nikita Khrushchev

[Shift 12/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 17]

Who among the following became the General Secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union in 1985?

1. Joseph Stalin
2. Mikhail Gorbachev
3. Vladimir Lenin
4. Nikita Khrushchev

[shift-28-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 5]

Who became the General Secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union in 1985?

1. Joseph Stalin
2. Boris Yeltsin
3. Mikhail Gorbachev
4. Nikita Khrushchev

[shift-29-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 19]

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170.

Which of the following country is not a member of ASEAN?

- (1) Indonesia
- (2) Thailand
- (3) Singapore
- (4) Nepal

[Shift 09/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 13]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following country was not the founder member of ASEAN?

1. India
2. Indonesia
3. Philippines
4. Thailand

[shift-16-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 27]

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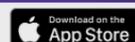
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171.

Match List - I with List -II.

List - I

List - II

(A) Centrally Located South Asian Country

(I) Sri Lanka

(B) Military has prevailed over this Country

(II) Bhutan

(C) First South Asian country to liberalize

(III) India

its economy

(D) Landlocked Country with monarchy

(IV) Pakistan

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

(1) (A)-(III), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(IV)

(2) (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

(3) (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)

(4) (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(I)

[Shift 09/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 32]

**Similar Questions:**

**Match the List I with List II**

List-I (Description of Country)

List-II (Country)

(a) The first country to liberalize its economy in the South Asian Region

(i) India

(b) Centrally located and shares borders with most of the South Asian Countries

(ii) The Maldives

(c) Earlier the island had the Sultan as the head of this state, now its a republic

(iii) Bhutan

(d) A landlocked country with a monarchy

(iv) Sri Lanka

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

(1) (a) - (i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iv), d - (iii)

(2) (a) - (iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), (d) - (iii)

(3) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), (d) - (ii)

(4) (a) - (ii), (b) - (iii), (c) - (i), (d) - (iv)

[Pol Science PYQ 19th July Slot 2, Qno: 16]

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172.

Arrange the following events in chronological order.

- (A) Kyoto Protocol
- (B) Montreal Protocol
- (C) Antarctic Treaty
- (D) Rio Summit
- (E) Paris Climate Agreement

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) (C), (D), (A), (E), (B)
- (2) (D), (A), (B), (C), (E)
- (3) (D), (B), (E), (C), (A)
- (4) (C), (B), (D), (A), (E)

[Shift 09/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 33]

**Similar Questions:**

Arrange the following events in chronological order.

- (A) Antarctic Treaty
- (B) Rio Summit
- (C) Brundtland Report
- (D) Kyoto Protocol

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (B), (C), (D)
- 2. (A), (C), (B), (D)
- 3. (B), (A), (D), (C)
- 4. (C), (B), (D), (A)

[shift-26-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 7]

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173.

Identify the leader:

- A. Chief minister of Bihar for just month and a half in 1968
- B. Joined the Janata party in 1977
- C. Socialist leader from Bihar

- 1. B.P. Mandal
- 2. Mayavati
- 3. B.R. Ambedkar
- 4. Jagjivan Ram

[Shift 12/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 9]

**Similar Questions:**

Name the leader who was the Chief Minister of Bihar for just a month and a half in 1968.

- (1) Kanshi Ram
- (2) B.P. Mandal
- (3) Mayavati
- (4) V.P. Mandal

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 1]

---

174.

Who was the Prime Minister of India from 1977 to 1979

- 1. Jagjivan Ram
- 2. Morarji Desai
- 3. J.B. Kripalani
- 4. Jayaprakash Narayan

[Shift 12/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 27]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was elected by the Janata Party from amongst its leaders to become the Prime Minister of India in 1977?

- 1. Morarji Desai
- 2. Jayaprakash Narayan
- 3. Jagjivan Ram
- 4. Charan Singh

[shift-27-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 32]

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175.

Which one of the following was the part of the global war on terrorism by the USA.

1. Operation Desert Storm
2. Operation Iraqi Freedom
3. Operation Enduring Freedom
4. Operation Infinite Reach

[Shift 12/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 37]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following operations did USA launch as a part of its 'Global War on Terror' against the suspects of 9/11 attack?

1. Operation Infinite Reach
2. Operation Enduring Freedom
3. Operation Iraqi Freedom
4. Operation Desert Storm

[Shift 10/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 29]

176.

'Miracle on the Han River'. is related to which country's rapid economic development?

- (1) South Korea
- (2) China
- (3) Japan
- (4) North Korea

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 3]

**Similar Questions:**

Which country's development into an economic power is known as the "Miracle on the Han River"?

1. Japan
2. China
3. South Korea
4. Indonesia

[shift-13-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 13]

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177.

**List – I**

- (A) Biological Weapons Convention
- (B) Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty
- (C) Anti-ballistic Missile
- (D) Chemical Weapons Convention

**List – II**

- (I) 1992
- (II) 1972
- (III) 1968
- (IV) 1972

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

- (1) (A)-(II), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(I)
- (2) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)
- (3) (A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)
- (4) (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 17]

**Similar Questions:**

Match List-I with List-II

**List-I**

- (A) Anti-ballistic Missile Treaty
- (B) Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty
- (C) Chemical Weapons Convention Treaty
- (D) India first tested a nuclear device

**List-II**

- (I) 1968
- (II) 1974
- (III) 1972
- (IV) 1992

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) - (IV), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (I)
- 2. (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
- 3. (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (II)
- 4. (A) - (II), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (III)

[shift-13-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 3]

Match List-I with List-II

**List-I (Convention/Treaty)**

**List-II (Year)**

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177.

(A) Kyoto Protocol

(I) 1968



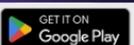
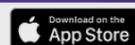
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**List-I (Convention/Treaty)**

- (B) Chemical Weapons Convention
- (C) Anti-ballistic Missile (ABM) Treaty
- (D) Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty

**List-II**

**(Year)**

- (II) 1972
- (III) 1992
- (IV) 1997

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
2. (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
3. (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

[shift-19-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 32]

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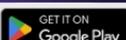
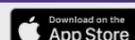
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178.

List – I	List – II
Year	Incidence
(A) 1960	(I) War between India and China
(B) 1962	(II) Shimla Agreement
(C) 1966	(III) Indus Water Treaty
(D) 1972	(IV) Tashkent Agreement

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below :**

- (1) (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (2) (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (3) (A)-(I), (B)-(III), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)
- (4) (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 20]

**Similar Questions:**

**Q.36 Match List - I with List - II.**

- List - I:** (A) Tashkent Agreement  
(B) Farakka Treaty  
(C) Indus Water Treaty  
(D) Shimla Agreement

- List - II:** (I) 1996  
(II) 1966  
(III) 1972  
(IV) 1960

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)
- (A)-(II), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 36]

**Match List-I with List-II**

List-I	List-II
(A) India–Pakistan Indus Water Treaty	(I) 1966
(B) Tashkent Agreement	(II) 1960

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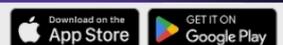
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**List-I**

(C) Atal Behari Vajpayee's visit to China

(D) Shimla Agreement

**List-II**

(III)

1979

(IV)

1972

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

1. (A)–(I), (B)–(II), (C)–(III), (D)–(IV)
2. (A)–(I), (B)–(IV), (C)–(II), (D)–(III)
3. (A)–(II), (B)–(I), (C)–(III), (D)–(IV)
4. (A)–(III), (B)–(IV), (C)–(I), (D)–(II)

[shift-21-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 34]

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179.

Sampoorna Kranti ab nara hai, bhavi itihashamara hai (with total revolution as our motto, the future belong to us) This slogan is associated with which movement?

- (1) Bihar movement
- (2) Telangana movement
- (3) Tebhanga movement
- (4) Chipko movement

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 21]

**Similar Questions:**

'Sampoorna Kranti ab nara hai, bhavi itihashamara hai' (with total revolution as our motto, the future belong to us) This slogan belonged to which movement.

1. Kisan Aandolen 1976
2. Students movement 1975
3. Anti Arrack movement 1984
4. Bihar movement 1974

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 18]

Sampoorna Kranti Ab Nara Hai, Bhavi Itihashamara Hai" (With total revolution as our motto, the future belongs to us). In which of the following movements, this slogan was given?

1. Bihar Movement
2. Naxalite movement
3. Gujarat Movement
4. Railway Strike

[shift-21-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 5]

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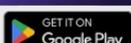
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180.

The famous speech 'tryst with destiny' was given by which leader?

- (1) Mahatma Gandhi
- (2) B.R. Ambedkar
- (3) Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru
- (4) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

[Shift 13/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 37]

**Similar Questions:**

Who among the following political leaders gave the famous speech, "Tryst with Destiny"?

1. Mahatma Gandhi
2. C. Rajagopalachari
3. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
4. Jawaharlal Nehru

[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 34]

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181.

The entire country shifted to the Electronic Voting Machine (EVM) in:

1. 1990
2. 2014
3. 2004
4. 1996

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 12]

**Similar Questions:**

By which year had entire India shifted to Electronic Voting Machine (EVM)?

1. 1996
2. 2000
3. 2004
4. 2014

[shift-26-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 29]

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182.

Identify the person:

- \* Founder member of Bhartiya Jan Sangh
- \* Initiated the concept of Integral humanism

1. Ram Manohar Lohia
2. Deen Dayal Upadhyay
3. Shyama Prasad Mukharjee
4. Balraj Madhok

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 24]

**Similar Questions:**

Name the leader who initiated the concept of integral humanism in 1942.

1. Ram Manohar Lohia
2. Deen Dayal Upadhyay
3. Shyama Prasad Mukharjee
4. Balraj Madhok

[Shift 10/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 1]

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183.

Who was the proponent of Bahujan empowerment and founder of Bahujan Samaj Party?

1. Kanshi Ram
2. Baba Saheb Ambedkar
3. Mayawati
4. Jagjivan Ram

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 40]

**Similar Questions:**

Who was the proponent of Bahujan empowerment and founder of Bahujan Samaj Party.

1. Mulayam Singh
2. Maya wati
3. Kanshi Ram
4. B.R. Ambedkar

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 14]

**Who was the founder of Bahujan Samaj Party?**

1. Mayawati
2. B.R. Ambedkar
3. Jagjivan Ram
4. Kanshi Ram

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 49]

Who was the founder of Bahujan Samaj Party (BSP)?

1. Mayawati
2. BR Ambedkar
3. Jayaprakash Narayan
4. Kanshi Ram

[shift-29-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 46]

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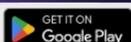
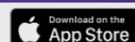
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184.

Who Championed the idea of Democratic Socialism'?

1. Govind Vallabh Pant
2. Ram Manohar Lohia
3. Jai Prakash Narain
4. Y. K. Nadar

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 42]

**Similar Questions:**

Who championed the idea of 'Democratic Socialism' while associating socialism with democracy?

1. Govind Vallabh Pant
2. Ram Manohar Lohia
3. Jai Prakash Narain
4. C. Natrajan

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 6]

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185.

In which year, Britain attacked Egypt over the Suez Canal issue:

1. 1955
2. 1956
3. 1957
4. 1958

[Shift 14/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 44]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year Britain attacked Egypt over the Suez Canal issue

1. 1955
2. 1956
3. 1957
4. 1958

[Shift 18/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 17]

In which of the following year did Britain attack Egypt over the issue of the Suez Canal?

1. 1955
2. 1956
3. 1961
4. 1963

[shift-14-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 38]

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186.

The first Democratic Upsurge was based on \_\_\_\_\_

1. The participation of Indian adult voter in democratic politics both at the centre and the states.
2. The participation of Indian adult voter in democratic politics at the centre level only
3. The participation of Indian voters in democratic politics at the state level only
4. Principle of survival of the best

[Shift 12/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 17]

**Similar Questions:**

The first democratic upsurge that could be attributed from the 1950s till 1970s which was based on .....

1. the participation of Indian adult voters in the democratic politics at the centre level only
2. the participation of Indian adult voters in the democratic politics both at the centre and in state
3. the participation of Indian adult voters in the democratic politics at the state level only
4. participation of the lower classes of the society

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 18]

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187.

Right to information Bill was tabled and received presidential assent in \_\_\_\_\_

1. August, 2001
2. June, 2005
3. May, 2007
4. March, 2010

[Shift 18/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 6]

**Similar Questions:**

**Right to Information Bill received Presidential assent in:**

- (1) June 2004    (2) June 2005  
(3) June 2006    (4) June 2007

[Pol Science PYQ 19th July Slot 2, Qno: 36]

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188.

Who was involved in drafting the first five year plan and argued that 'India should 'Hasten slowly' for the first decade as a fast rate of development might endanger democracy?

1. K. N. Raj
2. P. C. Mahalanobis
3. J. C. Kumarappa
4. Ajit Prasad

[Shift 10/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 27]

**Similar Questions:**

Who argued that India should 'Hasten slowly' as fast rate of development might endanger democracy'?

1. P.C. Mahalonobis
2. J.C. Kumarappa
3. K.N. Raj
4. Charan Singh

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 9]

189.

Name the leader, who introduced Mid-Day Meal scheme for school children?

1. K. Kamaraj
2. C. Natarajan
3. Charan Singh
4. Ram Manohar Lohia

[Shift 14/06/2023 12:00 PM - 2:00 PM, Qno: 27]

**Similar Questions:**

Who among the following political leaders introduced mid-day meal scheme for school children?

1. Karpoori Thakur
2. K. Kamaraj
3. Ram Manohar Lohia
4. C. Natarajan Annadurai

[shift-28-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 23]

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190.

**In which year was Mikhail Gorbachev elected as the General Secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union?**

1. 1982
2. 1983
3. 1984
4. 1985

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 3]

**Similar Questions:**

**Mikhail Gorbachev became the General Secretary of the communist party of Soviet Union in the year:**

- (1.) 1982    (2).1985  
(3). 1986    (4) 1991

[Pol Science PYQ 19th July Slot 2, Qno: 1]

**In which year was the leader (in the picture) elected as the General Secretary of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union?**

1. 1981
2. 1983
3. 1985
4. 1990

[shift-30-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 44]

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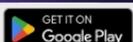
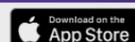
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191.

**The ASEAN Regional Forum (ARF) established in 1994, is the organization that carries out the coordination of:**

1. Trade and Finance
2. Friendship and Solidarity
3. Security and Foreign Policy
4. Investment and Labour

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 5]

**Similar Questions:**

The ASEAN Regional Forum (ARF) established in 1994, is the organization that carries out the coordination of :

- (1) Trade and Finance
- (2) Friendship and Solidarity
- (3) Security and Foreign Policy
- (4) Investment and Labour

[Pol Science PYQ 30 august Slot 1, Qno: 1]

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192.

**Which of the following is a threat to Global security?**

1. Human Rights
2. Arms Control
3. Terrorism
4. Disarmament

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 12]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following is not a new non-traditional sources of threat to security?

1. Terrorism
2. Human rights
3. Global poverty
4. Arms control regulations

[shift-14-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 17]

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193.

### Match List-I with List-II

List-I	List-II
(A) Mapuche	(I) East of Panama Canal
(B) Kuna Tribe	(II) Bangladesh
(C) Indigenous people of Cordillera Region	(III) Chile
(D) Tribal people of the Chittagong Hill Tracts	(IV) Philippines

- 1.(A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(III), (D)-(IV)
- 2.(A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)
- 3.(A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)
- 4.(A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 13]

#### Similar Questions:

#### Match List-I with List-II

List-I (Indigenous people)	List-II (Where they belong)
(A) Indigenous people of Cordillera region	(I) East of Panama Canal
(B) Mapuche people	(II) Bangladesh
(C) People of Chittagong Hill Tracts	(III) Chile
(D) Kuna people	(IV) Philippines

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
2. (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
3. (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

[shift-20-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 25]

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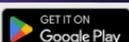
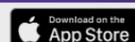
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194.

**The First World Social Forum (WSF) meeting was held in.**

- (1) Spain (2) India  
(3) Brazil (4) France

[Pol Science PYQ 19th July Slot 2, Qno: 20]

**Similar Questions:**

Where was the first World Social Forum (WSF) meeting held?

1. France  
2. Brazil  
3. India  
4. Japan

[shift-19-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 26]

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195.

**Question:** Match List - I with List - II.

**List - I: Events**

- (A) Disintegration of the Soviet Union
- (B) Shock Therapy
- (C) Invasion of Afghanistan
- (D) Mikhail Gorbachev elected as General Secretary of the Communist Party

**List - II: Year**

- (I) 1990
- (II) 1985
- (III) 1991
- (IV) 1979

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

- (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)
- (A)-(I), (B)-(III), (C)-(II), (D)-(IV)
- (A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)
- (A)-(IV), (B)-(III), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 15]

**Similar Questions:**

**Match List-I with List-II**

**List-I (Events)**

- (A) The Soviet invasion of Afghanistan
- (B) Mikhail Gorbachev elected as General Secretary of the Communist Party
- (C) Terror attack on US World Trade Centre
- (D) Disintegration of the Soviet Union

**List-II (Year)**

- (I) 1991
- (II) 1985
- (III) 1979
- (IV) 2001

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (I)
2. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
3. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

[shift-26-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 10]

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196.

**Question:** Match List - I with List - II.

- List - I:** (A) OEEC (Organisation for European Economic Cooperation)  
(B) The Council of Europe  
(C) The European Economic Community  
(D) The European Union

- List - II:** (I) 1957  
(II) 1992  
(III) 1948  
(IV) 1949

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

- (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)  
(A)-(III), (B)-(I), (C)-(IV), (D)-(II)  
(A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(II)  
(A)-(IV), (B)-(I), (C)-(III), (D)-(II)

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 22]

**Similar Questions:**

Match List-I with List-II

List-I Organisations	List-II Year of establishment
(A) Organization for European Economic Cooperation	(I) 1992
(B) The Council of Europe	(II) 1957
(C) European Union	(III) 1948
(D) European Economic Community	(IV) 1949

**Choose the correct answer from the options given below:**

- (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
- (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)
- (A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (I)
- (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)

[shift-29-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 2]

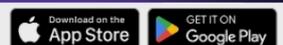
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197.

**Q.38 Match List - I with List - II.**

**List - I: (Formation of the State)**

- (A) Andhra Pradesh
- (B) Punjab
- (C) Meghalaya
- (D) Nagaland

**List - II: (Year)**

- (I) 1963
- (II) 1972
- (III) 1952
- (IV) 1966

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (A)-(IV), (B)-(II), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)
- (A)-(I), (B)-(II), (C)-(IV), (D)-(III)
- (A)-(III), (B)-(IV), (C)-(II), (D)-(I)
- (A)-(II), (B)-(IV), (C)-(I), (D)-(III)

[Pol Science PYQ 25th August Slot 2, Qno: 38]

**Similar Questions:**

Match List-I with List-II

List-I (Name of State)	List-II (Their year of formation)
(A) Maharashtra	(I) 1972
(B) Himachal Pradesh	(II) 1963
(C) Manipur	(III) 1960
(D) Nagaland	(IV) 1966

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
2. (A) - (I), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
3. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 32]

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198.

**Which Year Electronic Voting Machine (EVM) for General Elections in India was introduced?**

1. 2003
2. 2009
3. 1999
4. 2004

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 2]

**Similar Questions:**

Which year was the Electronic Voting Machine (EVM) introduced for General Elections in India?

- (1) 2003
- (2) 2009
- (3) 1999
- (4) 2004

[Pol Science PYQ 30 august Slot 1, Qno: 3]

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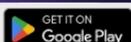
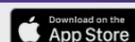
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199.

**Even after large scale migration of Muslims to the newly created Pakistan, the Muslim population in India accounted for \_\_\_\_\_ percentage of the total population in 1951.**

- 1.05
- 2.06
- 3.10
- 4.12

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 3]

**Similar Questions:**

Even after the large-scale migration of Muslims to the newly created Pakistan, the Muslim population in India accounted for \_\_\_\_\_percentage of the total population in 1951.

- (1) 05
- (2) 06
- (3) 10
- (4) 12

[Pol Science PYQ 30 august Slot 1, Qno: 4]

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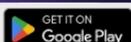
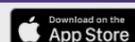
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200.

**Identify the leader of North West Frontier Province (NWFP).**

1. Mohammad Ali Jinnah
2. Faiz Ahmed Faiz
3. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan
4. Mohammad Ali

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 5]

**Similar Questions:**

Identify the leader of North West Frontier Province (NWFP).

- (1) Mohammad Ali Jinnah
- (2) Faiz Ahmed Faiz
- (3) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan
- (4) Mohammad Ali

[Pol Science PYQ 30 august Slot 1, Qno: 6]

201.

**Name the theory advanced by the Muslim league before demanding Partition.**

1. Border Theory of Separation of Power
2. Theory of two-nation
3. Theory of Divide and Rule
4. Theory of majoritarianism

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 6]

**Similar Questions:**

Name the theory advanced by the Muslim League before demanding Partition.

- (1) Border Theory of Separation of Power
- (2) Theory of two-nation
- (3) Theory of Divide and Rule
- (4) Theory of majoritarianism

[Pol Science PYQ 30 august Slot 1, Qno: 7]

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202.

**The Government of India replaced the planning commission with a new institution named:**

1. Federal commission
2. Gram Aayog
3. NITI Aayog
4. National Development Council

[POL SCI PYQ 16th July Slot 1, Qno: 7]

**Similar Questions:**

The Government of India replaced the Planning Commission with a new institution named:

- (1) Federal Commission
- (2) Gram Aayog
- (3) NITI Aayog
- (4) National Development Council

[Pol Science PYQ 30 august Slot 1, Qno: 8]

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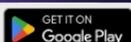
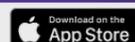
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203.

Who was the leader of the Railway strike in 1974?

- (1) Charu Majumdar
- (2) Jagjivan Ram
- (3) George Fernandes
- (4) Jayaprakash Narayan

[Pol Science PYQ 30 august Slot 1, Qno: 20]

**Similar Questions:**

Who led the Railway Strike of 1974?

1. Morarji Desai
2. Jayaprakash Narayan
3. George Fernandes
4. Charu Majumdar

[shift-15-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 39]

204.

In the election of 1971, all the major non-communist, Congress opposition parties formed an electoral alliance, which was known as

1. The Grand Alliance
2. People's Front
3. United Front
4. People Alliance

[shift-20-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 30]

**Similar Questions:**

In which general election, all the major non-communist non-Congress opposition parties formed Grand Alliance against Indira Gandhi?

1. 1967
2. 1969
3. 1971
4. 1978

[shift-29-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 18]

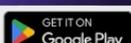
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205.

Which of the statements are correct about the impact of globalisation?

- (A) Globalisation has had a uniform impact on all states and societies.
- (B) The impact of globalisation has been confined to the cultural sphere.
- (C) Globalisation has been uneven in its impact on all states and societies.
- (D) Globalisation results in erosion of state capacity with the increased role of multinational companies.

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (B) and (D) only
- 2. (A) and (C) only
- 3. (A), (B), (C) and (D)
- 4. (C) and (D) only

[shift-20-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 31]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following statements is correct about the impact of globalisation?

- (A) Globalisation has eroded state sovereignty.
- (B) Globalisation has paved the way to a maximalist welfare state.
- (C) The increased role of multinational companies has reduced states' decision making capacity.
- (D) Globalisation has had differentiated impact on all states and societies

Choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- 1. (A) and (D) only
- 2. (A), (C) and (D) only
- 3. (A), (B), (C) and (D)
- 4. (B) and (D) only

[shift-19-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 9]

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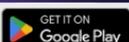
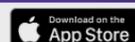
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206.

Which of the following is not a criticism of the World Bank?

1. It is criticized for setting the economic agenda of the poorer nations
2. It is criticized for attaching stringent conditions to its loans
3. It is criticized for forcing free market reforms
4. It is criticized as it works for human development

[shift-20-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 39]

**Similar Questions:**

Which among the following is not a criticism of this organisation?

1. Setting the economic agenda of the poorer nations
2. Attaching stringent conditions to its loans
3. Forcing acceptance of free market reforms
4. Charging a low rate of interest

[shift-27-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 43]

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207.

Who among the following advanced the 'Two-Nation Theory'?

1. Hindu Mahasabha
2. Muslim League
3. Pakistan Peoples\* Party
4. Indian National Congress

[shift-27-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 18]

**Similar Questions:**

Which organisation advanced the "Two-nation theory" in 1940s?

1. Indian National Congress
2. Hindu Mahasabha
3. Muslim League
4. Indian League

[shift-19-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 41]

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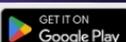
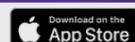
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208.

Which of the following leaders was the Prime Minister of India during both terms of NDA Government from May 1998 to June 1999 and October 1999 to May 2004?

1. Atal Bihari Vajpayee
2. P.V. Narsimha Rao
3. H.D. Deve Gowda
4. V.P. Singh

[shift-27-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 25]

**Similar Questions:**

Who among the following leaders was the Prime Minister during the period of May 1998 to June 1999 and was re-elected in October 1999?

1. V.P. Singh
2. Atal Bihari Vajpayee
3. P.V. Narsimha Rao
4. H.D. Deve Gowda

[shift-21-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 40]

209.

In which year did India sign and ratify the 1997 Kyoto Protocol?

1. 1997
2. 1998
3. 2000
4. 2002

[shift-16-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 3]

**Similar Questions:**

When did India sign the Kyoto Protocol ?

1. 1997
2. 2001
3. 2002
4. 2000

[shift-29-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 27]

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210.

Which of the following issues led the Left parties to withdraw their support from the Congress-led UPA government in July 2008?

1. Indo-US nuclear deal
2. Implementation of Mandal Commission
3. Enforcement of MNREGA
4. Chinese control over Tibet

[shift-16-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 7]

**Similar Questions:**

The Left parties withdrew support from the Congress-led UPA government in July 2008 on which of the following issues?

1. Ramjanmabhoomi Shilanyas
2. Indo-US nuclear deal
3. Article 370
4. Recommendations of Mandal Commission

[shift-30-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 17]

211.

In which year did the United States and Soviet Union sign the Anti-Ballistic missile Treaty(ABM)?

1. 1968
2. 1972
3. 1973
4. 1975

[shift-16-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 17]

**Similar Questions:**

In which year was the Anti-ballistic Missile (ABM) Treaty signed?

1. 1971
2. 1972
3. 1975
4. 1968

[shift-26-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 46]

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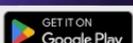
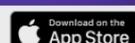
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212.

Which of the following statements are correct about elections in India?

- (A) The Congress Party won more seats in the Lok Sabha in 1989 elections than in 1984 elections.
- (B) The 1991 Lok Sabha elections marked the end of the 'Congress system'.
- (C) The Lok Sabha elections in 1989 led to the defeat of the Congress party but did not result in a majority for any other party.
- (D) In 1989 the National Front formed a coalition government at the centre.

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (B), (C) and (D)
- 2. (A), (B) and (D) only
- 3. (B) and (D) only
- 4. (C) and (D) only

[shift-13-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 1]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following statements are correct about elections in India?

- (A) The 1991 Lok Sabha elections marked the end of the 'Congress System'.
- (B) The Congress party won more seats in Lok Sabha in 1989 elections than in 1984 elections.
- (C) In 1989, the National Front formed a coalition government at the Centre.
- (D) The Lok Sabha elections in 1989 led to the defeat of the Congress party but did not result in a majority for any other party.

Choose the **correct** answer from the following options given below:

- 1. (A), (C) and (D) only
- 2. (C) and (D) only
- 3. (A) and (D) only
- 4. (B) and (D) only

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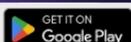
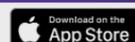
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[shift-28-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 8]

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213.

Which of the following is not an example of non-traditional conception of security?

1. Arms Race
2. Human Rights
3. Global Poverty
4. Health Epidemic

[shift-19-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 25]

**Similar Questions:**

Which of the following is not a part of the concept of non-traditional security?

1. Arms Race
2. Human Rights
3. Global Poverty
4. Migration

[shift-02-06-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 3]

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214.

Match the List-I with List-II:

**List I (Prime Ministers)**

- (A) V. P. Singh
- (B) P. V. Narasimha Rao
- (C) Manmohan Singh
- (D) Chandra Shekhar

**List II (Their Tenures)**

- (I) November 1990 – June 1991
- (II) June 1991 – May 1996
- (III) December 1989 – November 1990
- (IV) May 2004 – May 2014

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) – (I), (B) – (II), (C) – (III), (D) – (IV)
- 2. (A) – (III), (B) – (II), (C) – (IV), (D) – (I)
- 3. (A) – (II), (B) – (IV), (C) – (III), (D) – (I)
- 4. (A) – (III), (B) – (I), (C) – (II), (D) – (IV)

[shift-03-06-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 16]

**Similar Questions:**

Match List-I with List-II

**List-I (Prime ministers)**

- (A) V.P. Singh
- (B) Chandra Shekhar
- (C) P.V. Narsimha Rao
- (D) A.B. Vajpayee

**List-II (Their tenure)**

- (I) June 1991 to May 1996
- (II) December 1989 to November 1990
- (III) May 1996 to June 1996
- (IV) November 1990 to June 1991

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

- 1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
- 2. (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
- 3. (A) - (II), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (III)
- 4. (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (II)

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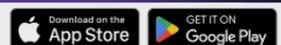
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215.

In which one of the following cases, the Supreme Court decided that there are some basic features of the Constitution that cannot be amended?

1. Golaknath Case
2. Keshavananda Bharti Case
3. Minerva Mills Case
4. Sajjan Singh Case

[shift-02-06-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 25]

**Similar Questions:**

In which one of the following cases, the Supreme Court decided that the basic features of the Indian Constitution cannot be amended?

1. Golaknath case
2. Kesavananda Bharati case
3. Minerva Mills case
4. Indira Sawhney case

[shift-30-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 4]

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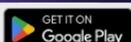
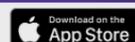
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216.

Match List-I with List-II

List-I (Years)	List-II (Events in the formation of the UN)
(A) August 1941	(I) Yalta Conference of the 'Big Three' (Roosevelt, Churchill and Stalin) decides to organize a United Nations conference
(B) December 1943	(II) Signing of the UN Charter by 50 nations
(C) February 1945	(III) Signing of the Atlantic Charter by the US President Franklin D. Roosevelt and British PM Winston S. Churchill
(D) June 1945	(IV) Tehran Conference Declaration of the Three Powers (US, Britain and Soviet Union)

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
2. (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)
3. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (III)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

[shift-02-06-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 34]

**Similar Questions:**

Match List-I with List-II

List-I	List-II
(Founding of the United Nations)	(Year)
(A) US President Franklin D. Roosevelt and British PM Winston Churchill signed the Atlantic Charter	(I) 1942
(B) UN Charter was signed by 51 founding members	(II) 1945
(C) Declaration of the Three Powers (US, Britain and Soviet Union)	(III) 1941
(D) 26 Allied nations met in Washington D.C. to sign the 'Declaration by United Nations'	(IV) 1943

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

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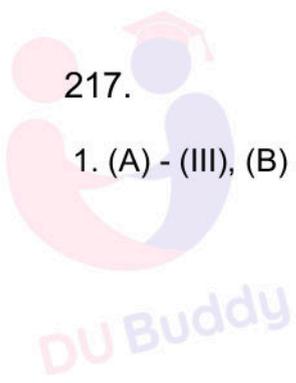
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217.

1. (A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (I), (D) - (IV)



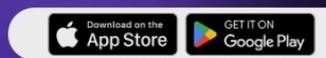
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2. (A) - (IV), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (I)

3. (A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (IV), (D) - (I)

4. (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)

[shift-28-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 6]



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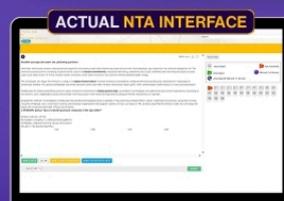
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217.

Match List-I with List-II

List-I (Events)	List-II (Years)
(A) Boris Yeltsin becomes the President of Russia	(I) 1989
(B) Lithuania becomes the first Soviet republic to declare its independence	(II) 1985
(C) Berlin Wall falls	(III) 1991
(D) Boris Yeltsin is appointed as the head of the Communist party in Moscow	(IV) 1990

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (II), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (III)
2. (A) - (I), (B) - (IV), (C) - (III), (D) - (II)
3. (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (IV), (D) - (II)
4. (A) - (III), (B) - (IV), (C) - (I), (D) - (II)

[shift-02-06-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 36]

**Similar Questions:**

Match List-I with List-II

List-I	List-II
(A) Berlin Wall falls	(I) 1985
(B) Russia takes over the USSR seat in the United Nations	(II) 1990
(C) Russian parliament declares its independence from the Soviet Union	(III) 1991
(D) Boris Yeltsin is appointed as the head of the Communist Party in Moscow	(IV) 1989

Choose the **correct** answer from the options given below:

1. (A) - (I), (B) - (II), (C) - (III), (D) - (IV)
2. (A) - (III), (B) - (I), (C) - (II), (D) - (IV)
3. (A) - (III), (B) - (II), (C) - (I), (D) - (IV)
4. (A) - (IV), (B) - (III), (C) - (II), (D) - (I)

[shift-14-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 40]

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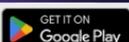
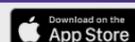
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218.

Arrange the following Prime Minister's tenure according to correct chronological order.

- (A) H.D. Deve Gowda
- (B) A.B. Vajpayee (BJP Minority govt)
- (C) Chandra Shekhar
- (D) I.K. Gujral

Choose the correct sequence from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (B), (D) and (C)
- 2. (A), (C), (B) and (D)
- 3. (C), (B), (A) and (D)
- 4. (B), (C), (D) and (A)

[shift-02-06-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 39]

**Similar Questions:**

Arrange the following Prime Minister's tenure according to correct chronological order.

- (A) I.K. Gujral
- (B) Narsimha Rao
- (C) Chandra Shekhar
- (D) V. P. Singh

Choose the **correct** sequence from the options given below:

- 1. (A), (C), (B) and (D)
- 2. (D), (C), (B) and (A)
- 3. (C), (D), (B) and (A)
- 4. (B), (A), (C) and (D)

[shift-30-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 39]

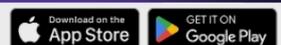
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219.

Who among the following was the founder of Sikkim Praja Mandal and also founded the Sikkim National Congress in 1962?

1. Angami Zapu Phizo
2. Kazi Lhendup Dorji Khansarpa
3. Laldenga
4. Prafulla Mahanta

[shift-30-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 21]

**Similar Questions:**

Who among from the following was the founder of Sikkim Praja Mandal?

1. Angami Zapu Phizo
2. Laldenga
3. Kazi Lhendup Dorji Khangsarpa
4. Rajiv Gandhi

[shift-22-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 25]

Who among the following founded the Sikkim National Congress in 1962?

1. Kazi Lhendup Dorji Khangsarpa
2. Angami Zapu Phizo
3. Laldenga
4. P. Chogyal

[shift-28-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 17]

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220.

Which among the following was not a part of the resolution adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in 1992?

1. The Security Council no longer represents contemporary political realities
2. The decisions of the Security Council reflect global values and interests
3. The Security Council lacks equitable representation
4. The Security Council is dominated by a few powers

[shift-30-05-2025-9:00AM-12:00PM, Qno: 23]

**Similar Questions:**

This organ of the United Nations no longer represents contemporary political realities, lacks equitable representation, its decisions reflect only western values and interests, and decision-making is dominated by a few powers.

**Identify the organ of the United Nations.**

1. Secretariat
2. General Assembly
3. International Court of Justice
4. Security Council

[shift-15-05-2025-3:00PM-6:00PM, Qno: 3]

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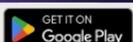
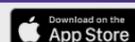
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221.

**Who was known as Frontier Gandhi?**

- [1] Md. Ali Zinnah
- [2] Abdul Gaffar Khan
- [3] Mahatma Gandhi
- [4] Sardar Patel

[Shift 02/06/2023 8:30 AM - 11:30 AM, Qno: 51]

**Similar Questions:**

Who is known as the 'Frontier Gandhi'?

- (1) Khan Abdul Kalam
- (2) Khan Abdul Azad
- (3) Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan
- (4) Khan Abdul Khan.

[Shift 05/06/2023 8:30 AM - 10:30 AM, Qno: 6]

Who was the leader of North Western Frontier Province and known as Frontier Gandhi?

- 1. Mahatma Gandhi
- 2. Sardar Patel
- 3. Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan
- 4. Raja Hari Singh

[Shift 12/06/2023 3:30 PM - 6:30 PM, Qno: 6]

**Who was known as 'Frontier Gandhi'?**

- 1. Mahatma Gandhi
- 2. Sardar Patel
- 3. Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan
- 4. Potti Sriramulu

[18-05-2024 Shift-2 B, Qno: 32]

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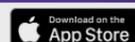
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